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THE OBSERVER

THURSDAY.....APRIL 28, 1892.

The Leading Newspaper in the Third Congressional and Seventh Judicial Districts.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

THE HON. THOS. R. JERNIGAN is making of the *State Chronicle*, at Raleigh, one of the ablest and most influential dailies in the State. Its editorials are tempered with conservatism and fairness, and characterized with an ability that readily places it in the forefront of the great moulders of public opinion in North Carolina.

AND now comes the "unkindest cut of all:" HARRISON tells WANAMAKER that MATTHEW STANLY QUAY, of the Pig Iron State, is "no fit man for him or any other moral man to associate with." When rogues fall out honest men get their dues, etc. Unless QUAY differs very materially from us in his opinion of HARRISON, he could have "returned the compliment" without any compunction of conscience.

HON. HUGH S. THOMPSON, of South Carolina, having resigned his place on the Civil Service Commission, the name of Gen. WM. R. COX, of Raleigh, ex-member of Congress from the Metropolitan district, is being mentioned, in connection with others, as his successor. So far as Gen. COX is concerned we know nothing to his detriment; but deliver us, please, from such a gigantic humbug as the civil service reform doctrine. In its teachings we have no faith, and for its practice we have no respect.

To the average American surprises are fast becoming relics of a past age. We must therefore feel but little surprise at the international transaction now pending for the sale *in toto* of the island Republic of San Domingo, to a private company in the United States all of which cannot fail to make something of a stir in England and Germany. The New York *Herald*, to which we are indebted for this information, says nothing remains but the signatures of the American representatives to complete the transaction, and that the scheme has been approved and endorsed by Secretary BLAINE and supported by Messrs. GOULD and D. OGDEN MILLS. In this country a man would have to scratch around rather promiscuously to buy a potato patch, but when you talk about "scooping in" an entire Republic at one breath it "leaves us out on the first round." To spring it upon the United States somewhat on the idea adopted by BEACONSFIELD, when he secured control of the Suez Canal for England, is doubtless the plan of BLAINE, of Maine, and his co-adjutators.

"THE Democratic National Convention will soon have done its work. Two months hence we shall all be rejoicing over its nominations and preparing to do battle with the common enemy. If, however, we desire to be then in thorough trim for campaign work, we must not between now and that time engage in that sort of crimination and recrimination which may be characterized as death to the Democrats, though fun for the Mugwumps. In our vocabulary a "Mugwump" is a Republican who pretends to be a Democratic Reformer, but who never knows of any regular Democrat good enough for him to support for any office or place of trust or emolument under the United States Government, or, as to that matter, under any State government." With the present state of affairs staring us in the face it must be extremely doubtful if the Democratic party ever entered a Presidential contest worse disorganized, a fact that must engage the attention of our people and bring them to their senses. With every Republican State Convention endorsing HARRISON and REED, force bills and centralization of Federal powers, our duty is plain. "He who runs may read." "To your tents, oh! Israel."

"THE Chicago convention may be expected to nominate a ticket around which all Democrats can rally, and it is hoped that such a one will be nominated as will cure all factional troubles in the party in New York. But it looks now as if the West might be relied upon to aid materially in the election of a Democratic President. The recent local elections in some of the Western States clearly indicate as much. An examination of the results in several Western towns shows the basis of this hope. For instance, the town of Manitowoc, which went Republican in the last Presidential election by 105 majority, now goes Democratic by 200; Eau Claire has changed a Republican majority of 366 to a Democratic majority of 500; Neecedah's former Republican majority of 186 is converted into a Democratic majority of 195; while Menomonie, which gave a Republican majority of 203, now goes Democratic by 150. Here are four towns which have obtained Democratic majorities aggregating over 1,000." The failure of so many States to fetter their delegations to Chicago with instructions for any man must be regarded as an omen of placing the success of the party far above the aggrandisement of any man, and to nomiate a ticket around which all can rally

CONGRESSMAN A. H. A. WILLIAMS's bill, recently introduced in Congress for increasing the volume of currency, summed up and boiled down, provides that "all the silver bullion purchased by the United States Treasury under the act of July 14, 1890, shall be coined into standard silver dollars, and that one-third of said standard dollars shall be kept in the Treasury as a reserve for the redemption of the Treasury notes issued under the present silver law just as the $100,000,000 of gold is held in the Treasury to secure the redemption of United States Treasury notes. The $100,000,000 of gold is now held for the redemption of $346,000,000 of Treasury notes. By retaining one third of the silver purchased under the act referred to, the amount thus reserved would be in about the same proportion as the gold now reserved for the redemption of Treasury notes; to deposit two-thirds of the standard silver dollars with the States to be invested among the citizens, and in return for this deposit, the States are to issue certificates of deposit to the government providing that such deposits shall be returned to the government without interest whenever Congress shall deem it necessary to call for the same for the redemption of said Treasury notes." Mr. WILLIAMS claims that his bill is in accordance with an act of 1836, ratified during JACKSON's administration, differing only in, that this bill provides that Congress can call for the deposit, while the other left it with the Secretary of the Treasury.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

The attack of paralysis from which Senator Vance is now suffering is his second. The first was in 1865, just before he was taken to the "old capitol" prison, at Washington. His face is drawn considerably and he speaks and writes with some effort. But he is daily improving and his visit to North Carolina will be of benefit no doubt. ——Gen. Glenn says that as soon as possible the regiments of the State Guard will be brought up to the standard, twelve companies. —— Foster's majority for Governor of Louisiana is now estimated at 40,000. ——The *Gaulois* publishes the text of a violent Anarchist manifesto which is to be distributed throughout France. ——Several anarchists, lodging in St. Etten and Lyons have been searched and one Anarchist has been banished. ——The first through freight train on the Seaboard Air-Line left Portsmouth Sunday evening for Atlanta. ——Another earthquake shock felt in California. ——The New York Legislature adopted the majority report of the Maynard investigating committee. ——A cashier in the banking house of the Rothschilds at Frankfort has run away with 1,000,000 mares. ——The London police seized an Anarchist journal. ——The light house board have called on Anderson & Barr for a formal acknowledgment of their abandonment of the contract to build the Hatteras light house. These contractors have already lost $80,000 on this contract. Capt. Mahon of the board is of the opinion that a light house can be built there at a cost of $2,000,000. —— The Virginians are making vigorous efforts to accomplish the grand naval display in 1893. —— Pension payments so far this month amount to $10,500,000 and refund direct tax $1,000,000, reducing the Treasury balance to $29,800,000. Internal revenue collections for the first nine months of this fiscal year amounted to $133,302,600. —— The Wyoming war seems to be over for the present. ——The House non-concurred in the Senate "lawful money" amendment to the Arizona Funding bill, and a conference was ordered. This was the work of the anti-silver men. ——Seven attempts were made Tuesday night to burn the city of Louisville, Ky., and five on Saturday night. Two men have been arrested as the incendiaries. ——The steamship *Dresden* from Bremen, landed 2,23. immigrants at Baltimore. ——Large masses of Russian emigrants are gathered at the German frontier, and are anxiously watching for a chance to elude the vigilance of the guards and gain an entrance into the country of the Kaiser. —— Two thousand Chinamen are distributed along the Washington, Idaho and Montana lines awaiting the expiration of the exclusion law, on May 6th, in order to cross into the United States from British Columbia. ——A story is published in Birmingham, Ala., to the effect that a mammoth deal is pending looking to the consolidation of the vast properties of the Cahaba Coal-Mining Company, the Excelsior Company, the Pioneer Mining and Manufacturing, and the Woodward Iron Company with the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company and the De Bardeleben Coal and Iron Company, which last two were recently combined. —— It is beginning to be a stereotyped expression that farming does not pay. The Rockingham *Rocket* knows a Richmond county farmer who cultivates but a medium-sized farm and this season made a clear profit of $2,000. —— The New York Senate has adopted the majority report exonerating Judge Maynard from the charge of wrongly interfering with the Dutchess county returns in the recent election. ——There are seventy students at the Keeley Institute at Greensboro. ——The *Globe* gets it that the Dukes have let a contract for the building of a $500,000 cotton factory at Durham. None but the rich can afford it. ——The Wilkesboro *Chronicle* says the Alliance is not very obstreperous in Wilkes and that that county will send a solid Democratic delegation to the State Convention.—— The Concord *Standard* states that a Mrs. Hooks, of Stanly county, gave birth recently to six well developed children—four boys and two girls. Four of the children have since died. This lady has in the past given birth to twins and triplets. ——Mr. L. Macon Michaux, of Richmond, and Miss Loulie, daughter of Dr. J. F. Miller, of Goldsboro, were married on the 20th inst. ——A cyclone of fearful velocity passes over a part of Texas. ——A delegation of colored men from New York called upon the President and presented resolutions of a colored meeting in New York in regard to outrages against negroes at the South. The President made them a long talk, promising to do what he could for them. —— The machinery hall of th Georgia Technicology school, at Atlanta, was burned. ——Six steamers brought to New York 5,435 immigrants, the largest number ever brought in one day. ——James A. Palmer has been arrested for robbing Tiffany & Co. of $50,000. ——The Pope will create several new Cardinals. ——One of the assassins of Postmaster Kaufman, of Reisel, Texas, has been captured and lynched. ——A bi-metallic National Convention is to be called to meet in Washington, D. C., May 26th. ——The Italian Government has decided to increase its revenue by a monopoly on matches. It has also decided to give up all of its African territory except Massowan. ——The President has issued his Behring sea *modus vivendi* proclamation. ——The plain assertion is made by officials of the Department of Agriculture, and the records sustain it, that in the past fifteen years, or since the regulation of fertilizers began, fifteen millions of dollars have been saved to the farmers of the State. ——Dun & Co.'s weekly report says that at the West business continues greater than last year; that at the East business improvement is more moderate; that at the South there is distinctly a better feeling; that the general condition of trade continues favorable; that merchandise exports from New York exceed those of last April by 6 per cent., while imports exceed last April by 10 per cent.; that advances in farm products are made in spite of the decreased exportations; that very little change is seen in the great industries; that the money markets have not been at all disturbed and the supply ample. —— The Paris police made a raid on the Anarchists and arrested forty-five of them. ——For more than a year President Harrison has had an agent in Europe negotiating with financial departments of the various Governments on the subject of a bi-metallic money system. He is anxious to have held an international bi-metallic conference, and will soon send to Congress a message on this subject. ——The Army Appropriation bill is reported to the Senate. The Senate committee increased the amount of the bill as it passed the House by $284,600.

The Kind of a Girl that Men Admire and Want to Marry.

In glancing over the columns of a newspaper recently my attention was caught by an article in which a lady discussed the attractive qualities of marriageable girls in the eyes of eligible men.

If my understanding of the writer's conclusions is correct. the inference may be drawn that, as there are all kinds of girls and all kinds of men, almost any kind of a girl will please some kind of a man, observation undoubtedly justifyins such an opinion.

There is, however, one girl—every man knows which one I mean—whose versatility and adaptability render her particularly agreeable.

She is always frank and free in conversation, even on unconventional subjects, but she is never bold and will tolerate nothing approaching coarseness.

You are positive that her seeming interest in the matter which interest you is not entirely assumed, and you are conscious also that she knows whether your affected desire to understand the affairs occupying her attention is genuine.

There is no indication, either when you are present that she ever thinks of you when absent to any greater degree or in any other way than your male acquaintances do.

In conversation her large fund of general information is evident, yet you are not impressed by a display of knowledge greater than your own.

If you desire to air your stock of complimentary nothings, she can handle them more gracefully than that other girl with whom you can talk nothing else, and there is delightfully missing all sensation of having them extorted from you.

Perhaps in a momentarily cynical mood you sit down to reflect on the girl's charm, determined to discover whether it is the result of ingennous naturalness or the most consummate art. What is your conclusion? H-m-m, yes; but one thing is certain—the charm is there, isn't it?

Now, to be honest, doesn't it lie in the fact that she apparently receives just that impression of your character and personality which you know, in the depths of your consciousness, is a little too favorable for uninflated truth, yet is not so absurdly flattering but that you can honestly endeavor to believe it correct?

This girl, who meets on level ground every man worth meeting, though not challenging admiration, usually takes her choice among several suitors; and if that man is sensible enough to treat her after marriage as he did before, he seldom regrets the choice.

Any disappointment she may feel is never publicly admitted.

A Perfect Wife.

Edmund Burke thus describes a perfect wife: "She is handsome, but it is beauty arising not from features, complexion, or from shape. She has all three in a high degree, but it is not by these she touched a heart; it is all that sweetness of temper, benevolence, innocence and sensibility which a face can express that forms her beauty. She has a face that raises your attention at first sight; it grows on you every moment, and you wonder it did no more than raise your attention at first. Her eyes have a mild light, but they awe when she pleases; they command, like a good man out of office, not by authority, but by virtue. Her statue is not tall; she is not made to be the admiration of everybody, but the happiness of one. She has all the firmness that does not exclude delicacy—she has all the softness that does not imply weakness. Her voice is a soft, low music, not formed to rule in public assemblies, but to charm those who can distinguish company from a crowd, it has this advantage—you must come close to it to hear it. To describe her body describes her mind—one is the transcript of the other; her understanding is not shown in the variety of matters it exerts itself on; but in the goodness of the choice she makes. She does not display it so much in saying or doing striking things as in avoiding such as she ought not to say or do. No person of so few years can know the world better; no person was ever less corrupted by the knowledge. Her politeness flows rather from a natural disposition to oblige than from any rules on the subject, and therefore never fails to strike those who understand good breeding and those who do not. She has a steady and firm mind, which takes no more from the delicacy of the female character than the solidity of marble does from its polish and luster. She has such virtues as make us value the truly great of our own sex. She has all the winning graces that make us love even the faults we see in the weak and beautiful in hers."

What A Glove Tells.

The Household.]

From the shade one can judge whether the buyer has an eye for beauty and has selected what is appropriate with the costume worn with it. If the shade does not exactly match it must at least harmonize. Then, if a woman is of dainty taste, the glove is of the finest Suede, fitting like a second skin.

If she is slightly more practical, glace kid is worn with the same perfect fit, which does not mean so tight that the fingers are all cramped and the hand distorted. If the wearer be exact in all things the glove is drawn on so as to have every seam straight and just where it should be.

The delicate odor wafted to the observer tells the wearer's favoriate perfume which is used in her glove-box. If particular in small details, the style of glove will exactly suit the occasion upon which it is worn, as, for example, an eight-button Suede mousquetaire will be worn for visiting or the theater, a four-button glace for church, and a Biarritz or heavy pique stitched glove having large buttons for shopping, traveling or walking.

If the wearer has a nervous disposition it will appear in a habit of occasionally pulling or stroking the gloves. If she has pretty hands the occasional downward glance and careful, though appearently unstudied, arrangement of the hands will notify a keen observer of the fact.

If the hands are held up and turned around for inspection one may risk a wager that kid gloves are a rarity with the wearer. A torn or ripped glove shows an untidy woman. A slightly solid glove is allowable without the sloven.

Be Careful.

Be careful of your associations. Bad company is not better than none at all.

Be careful what you say. You can recall some things, but never spoken words.

Be careful in your habits and in your dress. Neatness and good manners should be nesessities.

Be careful of your diet. Proper food and drink have much to do with happiness.

Be careful of your health. Money can not buy it—then why should you squander it?

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WAYWARD DAUGHTERS.

They "Marry in Haste and Repent at Leisure."

By Laura Jean Libbey.

Of all classes of people to be pitied in this world it is the mother who has a wayward daughter. As a general rule, such a calamity usually falls to the lot of a meek little woman—a diffident creature, who would suffer any amount of torture rather than face a scene with her unruly daughter; and thus the girl comes out victorious in every word-scrimmage with the tired, patient mother.

If women wish to be angels they should go up where they belong. Women of the earth, earthy, mus. meet unflinchingly the duties God has placed upon them, and remember that in their hands lie the future of their families for weal or for woe.

It is expected that they love their children dearly, but that should not be an impediment to correcting them when they stand in need of it.

LEARN TO SAY "NO" FIRMLY.

Half of the trouble in this world arises from the fact that mothers do not know how to say "no"—a firm "no"—to their daughters.

In their infancy, if they want a piece of cake or a toy, the little ones have discovered that all they have to do is cry for it; forthwith it is hurriedly placed in their hands. Oh! anything to stop their crying, the weak mothers will say, and that means the planting of the first seeds of evil that are to bear such bitter fruit.

WHEN YOUR TRIALS WILL BEGIN.

In girlhood the daughter soon learns that her mother's will is a matter of very little consequence; a little teasing, and the point is gained. And when the girl arrives at the age where girlhood is but a short leap to womanhood, then—ah, then! —mothers, your trials begin. You have learned them that you have no say in matters wherein they have coolly set up their authority in opposition to your mild voice. You begin to learn the truth of the old adage that "when your children are little they thread on your lap, but when they grow older they thead on your heart."

But the most serious epoch in the life of an unruly daughter is when she gets thoughts into her head of love and lovers. She comes home from church, from parties and from skating with this boy or that. You look out of the window and smile as you watch them behind your lace-draped windows, quite unseen, and say to yourself that your daughter is grown so fascinating she will win a brave and noble husband when she grows a little older. You would be amazed if anyone were to hint to you that you yourself are placing obstructions in the path that will checkmate your dearest hopes.

If you have a wayward daughter, take my advice and keep her away from the boys in early youth; fill her life and her thoughts with study, music, home duties; insist that she have no company of the other sex, and that she has a mother to accompany her wherever it is desired that she shall go. Be firm on this one point—frown down the boy-escorts, and unwittingly you have saved yourself, and the girl as well, a world of future woe.

YOUR WORD MUST BE LAW.

Mothers with wayward daughters must learn that severity and discipline, and teaching their children from the first that their word is law unto them, are Heaven's best gifts to mother; if they fail to use them they will be the future sufferers.

The wayward daughter invariably finishes her unenviable career by falling in love early; she has had a score of little heart affairs over these young boys that have escorted her hither and thither.

WHEN SHE FALLS IN LOVE.

But there comes a time when she imagines herself madly in love with some worthless scapegrace. Then commences the scene of war before which all the mimic battles of the past pale into insignificance.

The mother, who knows life as it is, can picture what her wayward daughter's future will be if wedded to the young man her fancy has lighted on. There is no rosy romance in the picture she beholds as in a glass darkly.

Her daughter has been petted, idolized and indulged at home. She wonders how long after marriage this young man will endure her daughter's wild, ungovernable temper and saucy, sarcastic tongue; she sees visions of bitter quarrels, ending in the divorce court.

The girl's life is blasted—the life which held forth so much promise in the bud is a desolate, weary failure.

What do these wayward, harum-scarum girls know about discrimination in affairs of the heart? Studying the character and adaptability of the person on whom they have set their hearts never enters their minds. They rush headlong to their ruin, and assert their authority over the will and judgment of their mother, even eloping if persistently opposed. They "marry in haste, and repent at leisure" all too soon.

WHAT ARE MOTHERS TO DO?

What are the mothers of these wayward daughters to do? you ask. Why, I have just told: nip every love affair in the bud, and insist—ay, insist upon your commands being carried out to the letter when you say "no;" and when, a little later, a nice young man comes a-wooing—a steady, noble-minded, God-fearing young man, whose character is all that you could wish, and who would rather give up your daughter than court her stealthily or wed her without your approval—give unto him, with your blessing, the perfect rose which you have guarded so well.

And when you note how smoothly her bark glides adown the turbulent ocean of life you will thank God that you had the strength to say "no" when your then wayward daughter insisted upon encouraging her past worthless would-be lover, crying and screaming like one possessed, and making home-life almost unendurable over her mother's opposition. Ay, you will have reason then to thank God, I repeat, that you said "no," and had the will-power, the womanhood and the dignity to enforce your just command, which has been the means of saving from an unenviable future your bright and pretty but very wayward daughter.

A Litte Girl's Experience in a Lighthouse

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trescott are keepers of the Government Lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a daughter, four years old. Last April she was taken down with Measles, followed with a dreadful Cough and turning into a fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit treated her, but in vain; she grew worse rapidly, until she was a mere "handful of bones." Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery, and after the use of two and a half bottles was completely cured. They say Dr. King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold, yet you may get a trial bottle free a B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

Answer this Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75c. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them? Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

APRIL.

The Fun-Loving Scotchman's Month of all Others in the Calendar Year.

The month of April is one of the most popular months of the year. The first balmy days of Spring come in April and the trees and grass put forth their tender shoots. The foliage is never so fresh and green as it is toward the end of April and the month is a favorite one with the painters. Bleating lambs on the hill-side with pink blossoms on the trees serve to enchant the artist and the result is that many delightful canvasses have the oft-repeated title, "An April Day."

The month starts out with a celebration as unique as it is mysterious. The singular practices incident to the First of April are not alone confined to our own country nor even to civilized countries, but similar customs exist among the Hindoos and other people who cannot be said to have an intimate acquaintance with the manners of civilized nations. There is no definite solution of the origin of the day but the fact remains that it is celebrated the world over and is the cause of great merriment.

In Scotland the idea of fun on that day takes rather a peculiar course. But then there is no accounting for what a Scotchman thinks is fun. Sydney Smith says that the only way to get a joke into a Scotchman's head was by a surgical operation, and although he doubtless referred to an English joke the fact remains that ordinarily speaking the Scotchman has no humor in his soul. Consequently on April fool's Day he practices what he calls "Hunting the Gowk." That is, he gives some simpleton a note, telling him at the same time that it is a request for something important or the loan of an article, and starts him to a friend some two miles off. In reality the note contains a line to the effect that it is the first of April, and the bearer is engaged in the time-honored sport of "Hunting the Gowk." Whereupon the friend, with a grave face, regrets that he is unable to oblige, but if he will take the note to another person, likewise two miles off, he will get what he wants. No. 3 treats him in the same way, and so on he goes till some one of the series taking pity on him gives him a hint of the joke. A successful affair of this kind will keep the average Scotchman laughing for a week.

And the funny thing they do is to send all the small boys they can reach to the cobbler's for a penny's worth of *strap oil*. This of course means a hearty application of a strap to the youngster's shoulders, much to his disgust and astonishment. He returns much crestfallen, only to be received with shouts of laughter by his companions.

It sometimes happens as it did in London some years ago, that the opportunity is taken by some practical jokers to impose on a whole community. A vast number of people on that occasion received cards containing the following invitation:

> Admit bearer and friend to view the annual ceremony of Washing the White Lyons on Sunday, April 1st, 1860. Admit only at the White Gate.

The trick was particularly successful, and all day long the streets in the vicinity of the Tower were black with cabs, vainly seeking the White Gate. A more disgusted lot of citizens it would be hard to find when the hoax finally dawned upon them.

France is very much given to April-fooling, but on one occasion their love for sport cost them two distinguished prisoners. Francis, Duke of Lorraine, and his wife were in captivity in Nantes. Disguised as peasants, the one bearing a hod upon his shoulder and the other a basket of rubbish, they both, at an early hour of the day, passed through the gates of the city. A woman having knowledge of their persons ran to the guard with the information for the sentry. "April-fool!" laughed the soldier, and the whole guard to a man echoed "April-fool!"

Before the error was discovered the escaped prisoners were out of reach.

April is also noted for the period of religious services celebrated during the month. When Lenten season begins it puts an end to all social gayety till the summer season sets in. After the 40 days of fasting, Easter Sunday is joyously observed throughout the world; it falls on the 17th of April this year. Fastday is generally observed as an old Puritan landmark, and the day set apart for this religious service is queer enough, now the opening of the base-ball season in New England. It generally comes on the third or fourth Thursday in April. Whatever marriages are in the near future are celebrated in April rather than May. Brides dislike May, and the old superstition regarding May weddings cannot be dispelled. Thus it happens that Hymen is particularly busy during the month of April.

The 6th of May is somewhat conspicuous in ancient history as it marks the death of Richard the Lion Hearted, whose crusades in the Holy Land are familiar to all students of Bible history.

April has been robbed of many days, having been brought as low as 24. But when Julius Cæsar rearranged the calendar he gave it back its original 30, and there it has remained ever since.

The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning; you are taking the first step into Nervous Prostration. You need a Nerve Tonic, and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great Nerve Tonic and Alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the Liver and Kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50c. at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold; a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10c., 50c. and $1. If your lungs are sore, chest, or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY.—A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50c. Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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Geo. Rosenthal,
Hay Street.
Gent's Furnishings, Stylish Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Shoes, etc., for Men and Boys.

W. A. Crawford,
Merchant Tailor,
Hay St., Hotel LaFayette Building, Next to Postoffice

The Racket Clothing Co.,
The Greatest Combine of them All.
They give you Novelty, Neatness, Durability, Style and Cheapness.

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Hay Street.
Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, etc. Wall-Paper and Window-Shades.

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Frank Beasley,
Dealer in
Fine Jewelry, Watches, Clocks and Spectacles.
Repairing done in best manner and warranted. Engraving finely executed.

J. J. Whaley,
Hay Street,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Spectacles, Eyeglasses, Jewelry, Watches, Clocks and Silverware, Pocket-knives, Razors, Scissors, etc.

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S. Sheetz & Sons,
(Established 1870)
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

W. B. LaFar,
Haigh Building, Opp. A. B. Williams, No. 57 Hay St.
Furniture, Matresses, Clocks, Lamps, Shades and Tin Sets.

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H. I. McDuffie,
Thornton Block,
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance.

Jno. A. Pemberton,
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance.
Hotel LaFayette Building.

Geo. A. Thomson,
General Insurance Agent—Life, Accident and Fire.

John Underwood,
General - Insurance - Agent,
Gillespie Street.

GROCERIES.

Chas. Haigh,
Dealer in
Groceries, Wagon, Cart and Buggy Material.

R. M. Nimocks,
No. 10 Hay Street,
Grocer and Commission Merchant.
Cotton, Naval Stores, Fertilizers, Wagons, etc.
A. H. Nimocks. S. C. Rankin.

A. E. Rankin & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers,
Person Street.
Q. K. Nimocks. R. M. Nimocks.

Q. K. Nimocks & Co.,
No. 7, Gillespie St.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

A. Garrason,
Heavy and Fancy Groceries, Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Tobacco, Cigars, etc.

Walter Watson's Family Grocery,
W. W. COLE, Manager, Person Street.
Fine Family Groceries and Farm Supplies.
Highest market prices paid for Country Produce, Poultry, etc.

Robert M. Prior,
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Fine Family Groceries all the Year Round. Canned Goods, Poultry and Country Produce.

A. S. Huske, Agt.,
Shipper of the
Celebrated Scuppernong Grape, and Dealer in Staple and Fancy Groceries and Fine Confections.

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Groceries and Provisions, Fruits, Vegetables and Confectionary.

A. H. Watson,
No. 56, S. W. Jamb Market Square,
Groceries, Confectionaries, Fruits and Home-made Candies.

B. G. Hollingsworth,
51 Person Street,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer and Provision Dealer.

Jos. P. Cook,
N. E. Jamb Market Square,
Dealer in Heavy and Fancy Groceries, Fruits and Vegetables.
The well-known Tidal Wave Flour a specialty. Free delivery in the city.

S. A. Phillips,
Person Street,
Dealer in General Merchandise.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. B. Williams,
Commission Merchant, Buyer of Cotton and Naval Stores, and Dealer in Hair, Lime, Plaster and Cement.

Pemberton's Book & Music House,
Headquarters for School and Office Supplies, Stationery, etc.
Organs and Pianos sold on the Installment Plan.

Fayetteville Printing & Publishing Co.
Letter- and Bill-Heads, Statements, Checks, Drafts, Handbills, Circulars, Invitations, Books, Pamphlets, Newspapers.

B. R. Taylor,
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Merchandise Broker and Commission Merchant.

T. S. Lutterloh,
Dealer in
Shoes, Hides, Furs, Wool, etc.

Martin House,
—BY—
Jno. M. Martin, - - - Old Street.
Well located for commercial travelers and the general traveling public. Table supplied with best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

N. Ingram,
Manufacturer of Sausage.
Butcher and Dealer in Fresh Meats of all Kinds, Fish, etc.
At my Restaurant at Junction of Dick and Person Streets meals will be served at any and all hours during the day, and until 9 o'clock at night.

HARNESS.

C. P. Overby,
Harness, Bridles, Saddles, Whips, etc.

H. Whaley,
Harness, Saddles, Bridles and Whips, Collars and Robes. A Good Assortment on hand for Sale Cheap for Cash.
Remember the place: Hay Street.

MANUFACTURING.

Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil Mill,
Railroad Street,
Manufactures Cotton-Seed Meal and Crude Oil.
Pays highest market price for cotton-seed.
Dr. J. W. McNeill, Pres. J. T. Denny, Sup't. C. L. Taylor, Sec. & Treas.

Fayetteville Wooden Ware Co.,
Manufacturers of
The "Iron-Bound" Well Bucket, Oak and White Cedar Ware.

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,
H. W. Lilly, President,
Manufacturers of "Lake George" AA 4-4 Sheeting, Cotton Yarn and Batting.

J. P. Thomson, Pres. A. A. McKethan, Sec. & Treas.
Fayetteville Cotton Mills,
Manufacturers of Cotton Warp and Soft Spun Skein Yarns.

Fayetteville Cedar Works,
A. A. McKethan, Jr., Prop.,
Manufacturer - of - Cedar - Ware.
We make a specialty of two- and three-hoop Brass Cedar Pails, and Keg-shape Oak Well Buckets.

Fayetteville Ice Co.,
Donaldson Street,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in Ice all the year round.

Goodwin & Remsburg,
Fayetteville Granite and Marble Works.
Estimates furnished on application, and correspondence solicited.

Walter Watson,
Dealer in
Hardware, Guns and Pistols. Cart and Buggy Material a Specialty.

McMillan Bros.,
Manufacturers of
The Seamless Turpentine Still, and General Metal Workers.

A. A. McKethan, Jr.
Carriages, Buggies and Harness.
Person Street.

Merchant Mills,
JAS. D. MCNEILL, Proprietor.
Grain, Meal, Flour, Mill-Stuffs and Feed.

Carolina Machine Company,
Engines, Boilers, etc. Repairing a Specialty.

LIVERY STABLES.

J. A. Lambeth,
Rear Hotel LaFayette,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
Stalls for rent at 10c. per night. Special accommodations for drummers. Buggies for sale cheap. Cash system.

Ransom Burns,
Livery, Feed and Exchange Stables.
Gillespie Street.

Geo. A. Burns,
In rear Hotel LaFayette,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
Best and most stylish turnouts, on short notice.

J. M. Martin,
Old Street,
Livery and Feed Stables in Connection with Hotel.
Good serviceable turnouts at livery prices.

J. R. M'Neill & Son,
Undertakers and Cabinet Makers, Window Cornices, Picture Frames, Mirror Plates, etc.

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.

W. J. McDonald,
Wholesale Dealer and Jobber in
Tobacco, - Snuffs - and - Cigars,
Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes a specialty. N. E. Corner Market Square and 2 and 4 Green Street.

E. L. Clark,
Opp. Short Cut Depot.
Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, etc.
Agent for Bay View Beer and Mountain Whiskies.
Orders Promptly Filled.

Jno. M. Martin,
Person Street,
Wines, Liquors, Brandies and Pure Mountain Corn Whisky.
All grades of Tobacco, Cigars, etc.

J. A. Burns & Co.,
Gillespie St.
Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Beer, Cigars, etc.
Pure old North Carolina Corn Whiskey.

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., APRIL 28, 1892.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, Editor.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, SOLE OWNER.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

Third Congressional District Convention at Clinton, July 20th, 1892.

National Democratic Convention at Chicago, June 22, 1892.

"WHICH FLAG."

Ere another issue of the OBSERVER shall have reached its destiny the people of North Carolina will have assembled at their primaries and resolved upon which flag they will follow in the approaching campaign.

For our guidance over the turbulent sea of politics in so great a crisis let us adopt no untried paths, nor accept any new and untried faith, but continue to follow, in the future as in the past, the flag of Jefferson, father of our independence.

Names change, men die, States collapse, and Republics fall, says Jefferson, but principles are eternal and lasting as the hills. In his first inaugural address Jefferson enunciated those principles which must govern the conduct of this great Republic if it would preserve in its purity the rights of every man. And through all the years of this eventful century, around which the shadowy past is drawing its folds, his words and declarations have been the common law of the Democratic party. For a moment let us hear him: "It is proper that you should understand what I deem the essential principles of our government, and consequently those which ought to shape its administration. I will compress them within the narrowest compass they will bear, stating its general principles, but not its limitations. Equal and exact justice to all men, of whatever state or persuasion, religious and political; peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none; the support of the State governments in all their vested rights, as the most competent administration for our domestic concerns and the surest bulwarks against anti-republican tendencies; the preservation of the general government in its whole constitutional vigor as the sheet anchor of our peace at home and safety abroad; a jealous care of the right of election by the people; absolute acquiescence in the will of the majority, supremacy of the civil over the military authorities, economy in the administration of our public affairs, that labor may be lightly burdened; encouragement of agriculture, freedom of religion, freedom of speech and that of the press, and trial by jury."

These principles form the bright constellation which has gone before us and guided our footsteps through an age of revolution and reformation, to which the wisdom of our latter day leaders and blood of our forefathers have been devoted, for their attainment. Yea, they should be the creed of our political faith, the text of our civic institutions, the touch-stone by which to test the service of those whom we trust, and should we desert or wander from them in the hour of turmoil and confusion let us hasten to retrace our steps, and to once more regain the road which alone leads to peace, liberty and safety of a happy and united people. Democracy in its largest sense is the rule of the people and local self-government, in the interest of the people, for the people, by the people and will forever remain as such, notwithstanding the Republican party which has so often opposed it has brought about blood and strife, and subjugated States, trusts and combines, depression in agriculture, high taxes, usurpation of power and utter disregard of minority rights in legislative assemblies.

Leaving out of view all local questions, let us look at great principles, tried by experience, and, chosing with the light of history, continue to follow the flag of Jefferson and the great National Democratic party.

ISSUES OF THE DAY.

Edward A. Oldham, writing the Charlotte *Observer* from Washington, says the "unsettled situation in political circles is by no means limited to Democrats," and that every day Harrison's re-nomination becomes more kaleidoscopic. "The speech of Senator Wolcott, of Colorado," says Mr. Oldham, "and that of his colleague, Mr. Tiller, this week, are indicative of the deep-rooted and growing opposition to Harrison." It was but a short time ago that Senator Pettigrew unbosomed his opposition to the President on the broad ground that he regarded it as a "grave mistake" for the party to re-nominate Harrison, and added: "With the exception of Lincoln and Grant, we have not re-elected a President for sixty years, and Lincoln and Grant were re-elected under exceptional circumstances, when any man could have been elected on the Republican ticket. But Grant's re-nomination led to a split in the Republican party and lost us men who have never returned to us." Nothing is certainly more uncertain than politics, and while we thought but a short while ago that Harrison would be re-nominated by acclamation, yet the way does not seem quite so clear to-day.

OBSERVATIONS.

Petitions have been introduced in Congress during the past week at the instance of Fayetteville Presbytery in opposition to opening the World's Fair at Chicago on Sunday.

* * *

Edward A. Oldham is now the Washington correspondent of the Charlotte *Observer*, and performs his duties well.

* * *

John A. Barringer, Esq., Jas. W. Forbis, R. A. Foard, Geo. H. Gregory and J. R. Mendenhall are "in the hands of their friends" for Mayor of Greensboro at the coming municipal election. The first named is hard to "down" when he goes at it in earnest, and we'll wager a new straw hat that he wins the prize.

* * *

John H. Williamson's *Colored Gazette*, published at Raleigh, has come out for the Third Party "lock, stock and barrel."

* * *

John Chinaman must go, so says "Uncle Sam."

* * *

United States District Attorney Cook tells the Raleigh *Chronicle* that H. M. Bowden, late cashier of the defunct National Bank of Wilmington, is quartered in Mexico.

* * *

Col. Harry Skinner's card, as published in another column, is open, frank, manly and patriotic. Read it.

* * *

Another vessel is quarentined off New York, with eight cases of yellow fever on board.

* * *

Thus far about 200 delegates have been elected to the Virginia Democratic State Convention. Of this number 172 are for Hill and 28 for Cleveland.

PUBLIC OPINION.

President Harrison's advice to northern negroes to collect reports of "outrages" on their race in the southern States, is in perfect accord with the force bill and the "waving of the bloody shirt." The northern negroes can find such material nearer home, and hundreds of southern negroes, who have returned destitute and disgusted from tramps to the northern States and Kansas in search of work and "rights," would be valuable witnesses in an investigation of this kind.—*Atlanta Journal.*

We don't suppose that there ever was a newspaper published that did not have more or less advice as to the policy to be pursued. We have had our full share and if we were to take all that we have had or are likely to get we would change color as often as a chameleon. Some tell us that we should fire into the Alliance, some that we should not criticise the demands of the third party, or antagonize the principles of the republican party. We are told by some that if we criticise the demands of the third party that they will discontinue their subscription. Others say that if we don't advocate the demands of the alliance that they will not subscribe to our paper. We rise to remark that the *Cape Fear Banner* is owned by us, it was born a Democrat, will live a Democrat, will die a Democrat and be buried with Democratic honors and sleep the sleep of the just. The editors of the *Banner* are Democrats from the ground up and if we should so far forget ourselves as to desert the only party of principle, the party of reform and good government, of civil liberty, of a free ballot and a fair count, the only party that will give us relief from burdensome taxes, for a few paltry dollars in the way of subscribers, we would deserve and receive the just condemnation of all good people and would forever despise ourselves.—*Cape Fear Banner.*

The connection of Mr. F. H. Busbee's communication on the "political situation," in which the Prohibition party is used as an illustration is clear and timely. Some Democrats may drink openly, some on the sly, while others may not drink at all, but to say that all should drink alike or be ineligible as delegates to a Democratic convention would, we apprehend, disqualify a great many good Democrats. It is better to go straight ahead and do as has always been done. Any voter who has ever voted the Democratic ticket will hardly allow, we hope, his peculiar views to keep him from voting the same ticket at the next election. A sense of duty to his State will prompt him to do so when confronted with the danger of Republican rule. And he has only to look around to see the representatives of "'68 Republicans," and even some of the identical old fellows themselves, whetting their hungry beaks at the prospect of feeding upon the vitals of our State again. It must not be said that white men in North Carolina could not agree about politics and therefore the Republicans carried the State. It would sound bad, look bad and must not happen. —*State Chronicle.*

Mr. A. K. Swinson, of Goldsboro, is the Secretary of the Wayne County Farmers' Alliance. He has issued a call for a mass meeting to be held in Goldsboro on the 13th May next, of all "who are earnestly and truly in favor of the St. Louis demands, and willing to stand by them as the People's Party platform in point of principle, and who as—Alliancemen and—TRUE REFORMERS would evidence in good faith a repudiation of any fareial, illusive or force movement looking to the securing of those reforms, rather than a bold, open, manly fight before the world as American citizens." He says in the published call:

"We will organize for this county a People's Party, promising in advance, that no Butler be allowed to wine or dine us in perversion of our purpose and principles. Every person who favors the formation of a People's Party upon the St. Louis platform, and willing to stand by principle, rather than policy and intrigue in obtaining, and repudiates the idea of capturing ANY OTHER PARTY MACHINE as a means to gain their ends, are invited to come.

The Republicans (white and colored) are invited to "jine," as well as disgruntled Democrats who have either forgotten whatever of Democracy they ever had or have never had any reason for voting with the Democracy in the past.—*Wil. Messenger.*

Who Did It?

Wilmington Star.]

The great labor conference, as the third party architects style it, which assembled at St. Louis on the 22nd of February, issued a "Second Declaration of American Independence" consisting of a preamble followed by a platform. We have referred to some of the leading features of the platform, such as the demand that the Union soldiers be paid the difference between greenbacks and gold at the time they were paid, for the time they served in the army, and that the Government should own and operate the railroads, telegraphs and telephones in the interest of the people, and logically all other means of communication or transportation, such as lake and river steamers, sail vessels, stage lines, street car lines, hacks, drays and anything else that carries people or freight for a consideration. These two demands should lay the third party out as cold as a wedge even if the rest of its platform was entirely unobjectionable.

We are aware of the fact that it is denied that the silver plank was a part of the platform as adopted, but it was, all the same, though it does not now appear in print as such, having been lopped off by the moguls who are running the third party machine when they saw the effect it was having in the South.

We here publish the preamble for the purpose of making a few inquires. After invoking the protection and blessing of Almighty God it says:

"We meet in the midst of a nation brought to the verge of moral, political, and material ruin. Corruption dominates the ballot-box, the legislatures, the Congress, and touches even the ermine of the bench. The people are demoralized. Many of the States have been compelled to isolate the voters at the polling places in order to prevent universal intimidation or bribery. The newspapers are subsidized or muzzled, public opinion silenced, business prostrated, our homes covered with mortgages, labor impoverished, and the land concentrating in the hands of capitalists. The urban workmen are denied the right of organization for self-protection; imported pauperized labor beats down their wages; a hireling standing army, unrecognized by our laws, is established to shoot them down; and they are rapidly degenerating to European conditions."

"The fruits of the toil of millions are boldly stolen to build up colossal fortunes, unprecedented in the history of the world, while their possessors despise the republic and endanger liberty. From the same prolific womb of government injustice breed the two great classes—paupers and millionaires. The national power to create money is appropriated to enrich bondholders; silver which has been accepted as coin since the dawn of history, has been demonetized to add to the purchasing power of gold by decreasing the value of all forms of property, as well as human labor, and the supply of currency is purposely abridged to fatten usurers, bankrupt enterprise, and enslave industry. A vast conspiracy against mankind has been organized on two continents, and is taking possession of the world. If not met and overthrown at once it forbodes terrible social convulsions, the destruction of civilization, or the establishment of an obsolute despotism."

Without stopping to question the truth of these statements, most of which, by the way, are true, we wish to ask:

Who brought about this corruption here so fervently deplored?

Who has demoralized the people?

If the people are demoralized where is this pure party of reform going to find the material to work with, and the pure and incorruptible statesmen to do the reforming?

Who caused the universal intimidation and bribery?

Who subsidized or muzzled the newspapers?

Who prostrated business?

Who covered our homes with mortgages?

Who impoverished labor?

Who concentrated the land in the hands of capitalists?

Who made it necessary for urban workmen to organize for self-protection?

Who imported pauperized labor?

Who gives employment to this hireling army which shoots down workmen?

Who stole the fruits of the toil of millions to build up colossal fortunes?

Who has bred these two great classes—paupers and millionaires?

Who created money to enrich bondholders?

Who demonetized silver to enhance the value of gold?

Who abridged the currency to fatten the usurer, bankrupt enterprise and enslave industry?

For some reason the Third Party champions are now in a comparatively quiescent condition in the North and West, where it was supposed to have its greatest strength, while in some of the Southern States, where it wasn't thought about a short while ago, they are performing with head and tail erect like a steer in a corn-field. In all their speeches, to appear impartial, they sail into the "two old parties" as if these two old parties had been running a joint stock business for the past thirty years.

This preamble, from which we quote and from which we make the extracts, is a bill of indictment against the "two old parties," from which they issued their "Second Declaration of Independence." Without hesitation, we concede that most of the counts in the indictment are true, but we emphatically deny that a single one of them is true as applicable to the Democratic party.

There is not a count in it which is not chargeable to the Republican party, as a result of the systems, methods and legislation of the Republican party, with which the Democratic party had no more to do than it had with the earthquakes that shook up those California towns this week. The people of those towns might as well hold the Democratic party responsible for the damage done by those shocks as for the adopters of this preamble to hold the Democratic party responsible for the counts it embraces.

The men who formulated that preamble knew as well as they knew that they were assembled in the city of St. Louis that the Democratic party was and is opposed to all the methods and legislation which brought about the results and conditions therein complained of, and they know, too, that the Democratic party, whenever it had a voice in Congress, labored honestly to undo the mischief that had been done, to remove the excessive burdens that had been imposed upon the people, to wipe out the legislation that discriminated against one class in favor of another, and to bring the government back to where it was when it was a government "of the people, for the people and by the people," not a government of monopolists, for monopolists and by monopolists, as it has become under Republican methods.

For Attorney General.

For the Observer.]

MR. EDITOR:—In the list of names mentioned in the editorial columns of your last issue as aspirants to the office of Attorney General, I see the name of Ed. Chambers Smith, Esq., the present very able chairman of the State Executive Committee. I notice also that you most appropriately place his name first, for I am assured that he will lead the race. A young man of fine natural powers, he has by great energy and pronounced ability steadily risen, until to-day he occupies a most enviable position among the distinguished men of our State.

Assuming his present position without any previous political experience he has discharged its duties with honor to himself and great benefit to his party. Among his many official acts may be mentioned his recent well-known circular letter which has brought the issue of the times promptly, concisely and prominently to the front. The writer of this article has known him for many years, and throughout his career has watched his course critically, and has been proud to witness his continued success. Without his knowledge this tribute to his worth is written that attention may be attracted to him, who, I feel, is the coming man.

By inheritance and by native ability and force of character, he is a young man of bright and brilliant promise.

Let the Democrats of North Carolina nominate him and elect him and he will reflect as much credit on the office of Attorney General as his illustrious father did on the office of Chief Justice.

"DEMOCRAT."

COMMENDABLE.

All claims not consistent with the high character of Syrup of Figs are purposely avoided by the California Fig Syrup Company. It acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the system effectually; but it is not a cure-all, and makes no pretensions that every bottle will not substantiate.

WRITE to Miss S. A. Tillinghast, 425 N. Bloodworth Street, Raleigh, N. C., for any information you wish about the ELECTROPOISE. She can refer you to many of its friends.

POLITICAL FORECASTS.

Interesting Conjectures and Figures on the Vote by States in November, and the Electoral College.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 26.—The arithmetic man has already begun to work on his estimates of the electoral vote of 1892. If he is on the Democratic side he counts as sure all the States that Cleveland carried in 1888, adds Indiana, New York and Montana, puts Wisconsin, Iowa, and perhaps Massachusetts and Rhode Island, into the "doubtful" column, and figures out a table like this:

Democratic States—Alabama, 11; Arkansas, 8; Connecticut, 6; Delaware 3; Florida, 4; Georgia, 13; Indiana, 15; Kentucky, 13; Louisiana, 8; Maryland, 8; Michigan, 8; Mississippi, 9; Missouri, 17; Montana, 3; New Jersey, 10; New York, 36; North Carolina, 11; South Carolina, 9; Tennessee, 12; Texas, 15; Virginia, 12; West Virginia, 6; total, 237.

Republican States—California, 9; Colorado, 4; Idaho, 3; Illinois, 24; Kansas, 10; Maine, 6; Michigan, 6; Minnesota, 9; Nebraska, 8; Nevada, 3; New Hampshire, 4; North Dakota, 3; Ohio, 23; Oregon, 4; Pennsylvania, 32; South Dakota, 4; Vermont, 4; Washington, 4; Wyoming, 3; total, 163.

Doubtful States—Iowa, 13; Massachusetts, 15; Rhode Island, 4; Wisconsin, 12; total, 44; total number of votes, 444; necessary to elect, 223; sure Democratic majority, 30.

The Republican arithmetic man, not to be outdone, assumes that New York and Indiana will go his way; that the other States carried by Harrison in 1888 will stand by the old party, throws Connecticut, Montana and West Virginia in the "doubtful" column, claims ten electors in Michigan, and builds up his demonstration something like this:

Republican States—California, 9; Colorado, 4; Idaho, 3; Illinois, 24; Indiana, 15; Iowa, 13; Kansas, 10; Maine, 6; Massachusetts, 15; Michigan, 10; Minnesota, 9; Nebrasba, 8; Nevada, 3; New Hampshire, 4; New York, 36; North Dakota, 3; Ohio, 23; Oregon, 4; Pennsylvania, 32; Rhode Island, 4; South Dakota, 4; Vermont, 4; Washington, 4; Wisconsin, 12; Wyoming, 3; total, 262.

Democratic States—Alabama, 11; Arkansas, 8; Delaware, 3; Florida, 4; Georgia, 13; Kentucky, 13; Louisiana, 8; Maryland, 8; Michigan, 4; Mississippi, 9; Missouri, 17; New Jersey, 10; North Carolina, 11; South Carolina, 9; Tennessee, 12; Texas, 15; Virginia, 12; total, 167.

Doubtful States—Connecticut, 6; Montana, 3; West Virginia, 6; total, 15.

Total number of votes, 444; necessary to a choice, 223; sure Republican majority, 80.

If from each of these estimates be taken the States which each party allows to the other we have as a result:

Sure Democratic votes, 167; sure Republican votes, 163; total, 330.

This leaves 114 electoral votes more or less doubtful, of which the Democrats must carry 56 to win and the Republicans 60. If the latter carry Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Wisconsin and New York they win. If the Democrats carry Connecticut, Indiana and New York, not to mention Montana and West Virginia, they win. Any computation of this kind makes New York the pivotal State as it was in 1888, in 1884 and in 1880.

If the claims of the People's Party managers are at all well founded the lines of battle between the two old parties will need readjustment this summer. The old battle-ground of New York, Connecticut and Indiana will remain, but a number of other States must also be counted as doubtful, which heretofore have been counted reasonably sure for one side or the other. The Republicans must stand on the defensive in all the "silver States," in Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin, and it will be no chase after rainbows for the Democrats to make a heroic effort to carry those States and Nebraska.

On the other hand, the Republicans may take the aggressive in the two Virginias, Arkansas, Tennessee and North Carolina, and even perhaps in Louisiana, Alabama and South Carolina, with chances not to be dispised of carrying at least four of them. In Louisiana matters are so complicated by the present fight over the governorship and the hostility of the McEnery and Foster factions of the Democracy that it is impossible to predict what the situation six months hence may be. As things look now, Louisiana can hardly be classed as an absolutely sure Democratic State.

These considerations point to a campaign much less concentrated than any we have had at least since 1876. Even the vote of New York State may not determine the result whichever way it goes. There will be fighting all along the line, and the "floaters" will receive attention in many other States besides Indiana. The whole country will be politically stirred as it has not been stirred for many years, and there will be a campaign "for blood" in States, both North and South, where for a dozen years voting in a Presidential contest has been a mere formality.

Duplin Notes.

For the Observer.]

KENANSVILLE, N. C., April 23, 1892.

MR. EDITORS:—Mr. J. M. Archer and Mrs. Joseph Archer were in Clinton last week to pay their last tribute of respect to the memory of their intimate friend Rev. B. F. Marable, D. D., the announcement of whose death brought sadness to the hearts of all our people who recall with special pleasure the burning sermons preached here last November.

Miss Annie Kenan is visiting relatives in Wilmington, and Miss Bettie Farrior is having the same pleasure in Goldsboro.

Miss Luey Moore is at home after seven weeks spent in Goldsboro with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Yates Moore.

Prof. W. J. Ramsey, of Mayo, Va., Mr. Fife's talented musical leader, was here again looking after his interests.

Mr. Wm. Holmes, son of Dr. Holmes, of Clinton, and Mr. Matt Pearsall, of the *Caucasian* staff, were in town to day.

Rev. Mr. Peele, recently pastor of one of the Wilmington Baptist churches, gave us a grand sermon Monday night.

Mrs. Powers, with her children, of Whiteville, visited last week her sister, Mrs. E. A. Farrior.

Mrs. N. H. Sprunt, with her two interesting children, John and Nellie, is visiting friends in Wilmington.

At the recent examination in school here, the best marks were made by Miss Maria Loftin, Miss Valeria Carr and Mr. James Kerr, each ranking in the order named above.

The best compositions were written by Miss Valeria Carr and Miss Maria Loftin.

Overloaded.

You've eaten too much turkey
And so you cannot work, eh!
Your head feels very murky—
There! I don't believe I could add another
line and make it rhyme if I had a dollar for
doing it. A few cents, however, will cure me.
To relieve stomach and bowels from the effects
of overloading, a full dose of Dr. Pierce's
Pleasant Purgative Pellets is the best remedy.
They operate gently, yet thoroughly, and
without griping, nausea or other unpleasant
effects. In vials, convenient to carry.

☞ No nausea or griping after using Brookfield's Liver and Kidney Pills. For sale by Fayetteville Druggists.

Railroad News.

Speaking of railway news; a prominent official said to-day that the Seaboard Air-Line will have to build speedily the link, or short-cut, from Ridgeway to Richmond; the Norfolk & Western will build from Durham to Raleigh, and the Atlantic Coast Line will build from Springhope to Raleigh. The Rocky Mount paper yesterday stated positively that a contract for the completion of the latter link had been made with the penitentiary authorities, and that 300 convicts would at once be put to work. Col. Paul Faison says that though for six months he had urged the Coast Line people to build this link they have done nothing as yet, and that no such contract has been made. Raleigh, it is clear, is speedily to become a railroad centre, and the development of the roads will be active.

It is learned that the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway has recorded a $5,000,000 mortgage in Kershaw county, S. C. It is the plan of this road to extend its line from Bennettsville to Columbia. It will build this line at once, there are the best reasons for believing. It may acquire what is now known as the "South-bound" railway, from Columbia to Savannah, though the belief has been that the Atlantic Coast Line has had what in the language of slang is known as a "clinch" on the "South-bound."

It was learned to-day that May 2nd, the through passenger schedule between Portsmouth and Atlanta will be put on. Later the fast schedule will go on. Then one car from New York will come to Weldon and connect with the fast train. Pullman sleepers will be on train which begins next Sunday. The regular train on the new schedule will arrive here from Portsmouth about 8 o'clock, and that from Atlanta about midnight. The train to Atlanta will get there about 8 a. m., and the northbound train will get to Weldon in time to connect with the train on the Coast Line. Charlotte is in luck. It gets the benefit of the through line in a very direct way.

From the Washington *Gazette* we take the following:

Mr. C. P. Powers, financial agent, and Mr. J. Uhle Bethell, of the above railroad company, are in the city, looking to the permanent location of the line for this projected through route form the North to the South. From an interview with them we learn that the road will save 105 miles between Norfolk and Charleston and more than 200 miles between Jacksonville, Fla., and New York, with the contemplated connections.

Branch lines are proposed to Hyde county, Fayetteville and Columbia, and from a geographical standpoint it strikes us that Washington might just as well be the divisional headquarters of the road, and the center of distribution for all these branches. In Charleston, immediately after the books were opened, $100,000 worth of stock was taken and paid for, also entrance and terminal facilities given, the best people leading the movement.

Already more than two-thirds of the rights of way have been practically donated, and the road, they inform us, is a certainty.

Best Route to the National Conventions.

Before selecting their route to the cities where their respective National Conventions will be held, the North Carolina Democratic, Republican and Prohibition delegations should apply or write to Mr. R. A. Jenkins, Southeastern Passenger Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, at Winston, N. C., who will cheerfully furnish all information desired relative to rates, time of trains, and special sleeping cars which may be engaged for the trip. The Baltimore & Ohio offers the exceedingly low rate of one fare for the round trip to Chicago and Minneapolis where the Democratic and Republican National Conventions will be held respectively. This is by far the most convenient route to those desiring to visit Washington before going West, as all B. & O. through trains run *via* Washington and is the only direct line to Chicago and the Northwest from that city.

DIED.

ALDERMAN—At Vernon, Texas, April 20th, P. M. ALDERMAN, aged 32 years. The deceased was a native of Wilmington, N. C., and nephew of Col. Wm. Alderman, of this city.

"Who hath not owned with rapture-smitten frame
The power of grace, the magic of a name?"
asks Campbell, the poet, in his "Pleasures of Hope." Pleasures of Hope, forsooth Many and many a woman knows them no longer. They are in despair about their health. They are run-down, debilitated, suffering from what they know not. It may be dyspepsia, heart disease, liver or kidney disease; any or all of them. The sicknesses of women are cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. That's where the magic of a name comes in. This improves digestion, invigorates the system, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, produces refreshing sleep, dispels nervousness and melancholy, and builds up both the flesh and strength of those reduced below a healthy standard. It is a *legitimate medicine*, not a beverage. Contains no alcohol to inebriate; no sugar or syrup to sour in the stomach and cause distress. It is as *peculiar* in its composition as it is marvelous in its remedial results.

HOW'S YOUR WIFE?

Does she feel poorly all the time, suffer from lack of energy, and a general "no-account" listless enervation? She needs a tonic. Something is wrong with her blood. Run for a doctor! Not at all, my dear sir. Get her a bottle of P. P. P. (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium), the very best Woman's Regulator and Tonic extant. It reaches the source of trouble quietly and quickly, and before you know it your wife will be another woman, and will bless the kind fate that brought P. P. P. to her notice and relief. Our best physicians indorse and recommend it, and no well-conducted household where pure blood and its concomitant happiness is appreciated, should be without it. For sale by reputable medicine dealers everywhere.

Mr. Randall Pope, the retired druggist of Madison, Fla., says (Dec. 3, 1889) he regards P. P. P. (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium) as the best alterative on the market, and that he has seen more beneficial results from the use of it than any other blood medicine.

Exhausted vitality, nervousness, lost manhood, weakness caused by overexaxation of the system will be cured by the powerful P. P. P., which gives health and strength to the wreck of the system.

After suffering horribly for years from scrofula in its worst form, a young son of Mr. R. L. King, 706 Franklin street, Richmond, Va., was recently cured by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. No other medicine can approach this preparation as a cleanser of the blood.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Every Month
many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but try
Bradfield's
Female Regulator
a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION.
Book to "WOMAN" mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. | NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

For sale by
B. E. SEDBERRY & SON,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Castoria
For Infants and Children.
Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

W. A. CRAWFORD,
—THE—
Artistic Tailor,
IS THE ONE YOU ARE LOOKING FOR IF YOU WANT A
STYLISH FIT
—AND—
PRICES TO SUIT ALL.
Suits from $18.00 to $25.00.
Pantaloons from $6 to $12.
All I ask is for you to come and be convinced of the fact before buying elsewhere.
MY SPRING STOCK OF GOODS
is now ready for inspection, and in addition to that I will get in every month new goods, and that will enable me to keep always abreast with the latest novelties in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WOOLENS.
As to workmanship and style of my garments I promise that mine cannot be surpassed. I design all of my patterns from actual measurement from the system of the new age.
March 17, 1892. tf

M. JUDGE, Agt.,
Artistic Merchant Tailor,
Overbaugh House, Green Street,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
I have now on hand a very fine selection of
FOREIGN SPRING AND SUMMER WOOLENS
from which to select suitings and pantaloons. I also have a fine line of samples, consisting of Novelties and Staples for the spring and summer season.
My work in style, fit and finish I guarantee to be equal to the best, and as for prices I cannot be beat. Sure fit guaranteed or money refunded.
Particular attention given to Cutting, Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing gentlemen's clothing at reasonable prices.
Prices of Pantaloons range from $6.00 upwards; Suits from $20.00 upwards.
Gentlemen's own material made up in the latest style and at reasonable prices.
Feb'y 25, 1892—tf

R. L. TRULOVE,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
—DEALER IN—
all kinds of Liquors, Beer, Wines, Cigars and Tobacco. "Harry Bassett" Pure Old Rye Whiskey, Pure N. C. Corn Whiskey, Apple and Peach Brandy a specialty.
☞ Orders by Mail or Express promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.
April 21, 1892—3m

Seven Reasons,
The very Strongest, Why All Should Use
"PERFECTION:"
FIRST - It is the whitest.
SECOND - It is the richest.
THIRD - It is the strongest.
FOURTH - It is the sweetest.
FIFTH - It is the livest.
SIXTH -- IT IS THE BEST.
SEVENTH -- IT IS THE CHEAPEST
HIGH-GRADE FLOUR ON THE MARKET.
☞ Bakes more bread, better bread and whiter bread than any other flour. Sold for $1.00 a barrel less than other Patent Flours, and warranted SUPERIOR to any sold. TRY A SAMPLE SACK. It costs you nothing if not in every way as factory. Sold and delivered free of extra charge anywhere in the city by
Q. K. NIMOCKS & CO.,
Gillespie Street, Fayetteville, N. C.
March 17th, 1892.

Get Prices on
Pianos and Organs
—FROM—
The North State Music Co.,
CECIL G. STONE, Manager,
RALEIGH, N. C.
SPECIALTIES ARE THE TWO CELEBRATED HIGH GRADE
KRAANCH & BACH and KIMBALL PIANOS
AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED
Kimball Organ.
March 17th, 1892. ly.

CAROLINA
-Machine Company-
WANT TO BUY
:-:SECOND-HAND ENGINES:-
WRITE THEM DESCRIPTION OF WHAT YOU HAVE FOR SALE.
Works and Office, Fayetteville, N. C.
Respectfully,
W. H. RUSSELL, Treas't.
November 26, 1891.

McCLURE & GRENAMYER
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS, BEDSTEADS, ET
WE ARE NOW READY TO OFFER TO THE TRADE A
FULL LINE
Of House-building Material, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Casings, Scroll-work, Turning work, Flooring, Ceiling, Wainscoting and Rough Lumber.
☞ ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. ☜
Feb'y 4, 1892—tf

LADY'S HOSIERY
AT COMMISSION PRICE.
Ladies, do you realize that when you buy of the retailer, you are paying THREE unnecessary profits? The manufacturer sells to the commission house, the latter to the jobber, and the jobber in turn sells to the retail merchant. You must pay the manufacturer's profit first, and then pay each of the subsequent handlers a profit, not infrequently paying two profits to the retailer. The
MANUFACTURERS' COMMISSION CO.
is a responsible syndicate which sells direct to the consumer By investing in manufacturers' samples, odds and ends, job-lots, and the stocks of insolvent manufacturers, in connection with our regular commission holdings, we are able to sell to the consumer direct at the COMMISSION price, which is but one remove from the manufacturers'.
While this company handles all kind of ladies' furnishings, we are making a special drive on our HOSIERY, merely to introduce our name in your territory and establish a reputation for giving values never before offered, so that you will be fully prepared for our later announcement of our entire lines. Read the following offers:
Ladies' full length, fashioned, fast black hose, superfine gauge, (retailing everywhere at 25 to 35 cents per pair), we will sell at 16 cent, or one-half dozen at 96 cents.
Ladies' extra length, full regular made, fast black and seamless hose, very finest gauge, retailing everywhere at 50 cents up), we will sell at 23 cents. or one-half dozen for $1.38.
We pay express charges, and agree unconditionally to refund money if hosiery is not the values and qualities described. Be sure and send the size wanted, and remember that as we pay express we cannot afford to send less than one-half dozen.
Orders must be accompanied by cash in either money-order, postal note, stamps or registered letter, addressed to the
MANUFACTURERS' COMMISSION CO.,
221 Fifth Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
apl 14—8w

SEWING MACHINES
AT PRICES AND TERMS TO SUIT THE TIMES.
If you need a machine call on us before buying is all we ask. Our prices range from thirty to sixty dollars. Sold either for cash or on the installment plan—five dollars a month. We carry in stock
THE NEW HOME,
WHEELER & WILSON
AND FAVORITE MACHINES.
Each machine guaranteed for five years.
A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.
April 7, 1892—tf

For Any Information
concerning the ELECTROPOISE TREATMENT, advertised elsewhere in the OBSERVER, call on or address
MISS MARY McN. BUIE,
P. O. Fayetteville, N. C.
March 24, 1892—tf

THE OCEANIC!
CAROLINA ∴ BEACH
GREATLY IMPOVED.
NEW FURNITURE, &c
TABLE AND SERVICE
UNSURPASSED.
FINEST BEACH ON THE COAST
FOR INFORMATION AND RATES
APPLY TO
PHIL WRIGHT
MANAGER.
April 21, 1892—tf

Special Announcement
WE OFFER THE BEST QUALITY
Water-ground Meal,
put up in cloth sacks of 2, 1 and ½ bushel sizes
—AT—
60 cts. per bushel
Smaller quantities in paper sacks at same price.
THESE PRICES APPLY TO CASH ORDERS ONLY.
A full and fresh supply always on hand. Also a full stock of all kinds of
FEEDS
at lowest prices.
Q. K. NIMOCKS & CO.,
—GILLESPIE STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—
April 7, 1892. 1m

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

THURSDAY..............APRIL 28, 1892.

John C. Davis, on trial at Wilmington this week, for embezzelment, has been adjudged insane, and goes to the asylum at Raleigh to-day.

May 12th.

On May 12th Evangelist Fife will begin a ten days' meeting at Newberne, in a large tent with a seating capacity of 3,000 people.

Federal Court.

Federal Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina will convene at Wilmington next Monday, at which time the case of the late People's National Bank against E. F. Moore, formerly president, will come up for trial.

Improvements

Mr. E. L. Clark and Mrs. West, of the West House, have added no little to the appearance of things around the Short-Cut depot by the application of a little paint—an example many others might follow with great acceptability to the general community.

Another Paper.

We understand that Mr. J. E. Hooper contemplates the publication of a newspaper in Fayetteville, beginning with next week, the title for which, however, has not as yet been announced. It is to be Democratic, and we wish Mr. Hooper all sorts of success in his new venture.

40th Year of Oak Ridge Institute.

The feature of the approaching Commencement of Oak Ridge Institute will be a reunion of the old students, on May 31st. Speeches will be delivered by various old students, and a good time is expected. Bishop Edward Rondthaler will deliver a Dedicatory Address. Fayetteville will be repeesented.

Fayettteville S. S. Convention.

A district Sunday-school convention of all the Sabbath schools in the territory embraced by the Fayetteville district is called to meet in this city on Friday, June 10th, to continue in session up to and inclusive of the following Sunday. The exercises will be held in Hay Street M. E. Church, preparations for which will be made in due time.

Opera House Improvements.

Our industrious neighbors across the way, Messrs. Sheetz Bros., have secured the contract for refurnishing Williams Opera House with reserved seat chairs, the first installment of 250 having already arrived, and are now being placed in position. We are equally pleased to announce that an additional entrance to the Opera House from the east has just been completed, thus rendering it virtually fire-proof so far as the means of escape are concerned in the event of trouble on that line.

The County Democratic Convention.

At the approaching County Democratic Convention, to be held in Fayetteville on the 7th prox., the various townships throughout the county are entitled to representation by votes, as follows:

Cross Creek	25
Seventy-First	18
Cedar Creek	12
Rockfish	8
Flea Hill	8
Black River	7
Quewhiffle	6
Gray's Creek	6
Carver's Creek	6
Beaver Dam	4
Little River	2

Decrease in Crop Mortgages.

Compared with last year's record there is a perceptible falling off in the number of crop mortgages thus far recorded in '92. Mr. Hall, our very popular and painstaking register of deeds, tells us there has been a steady decrease of such entries in his office for the past three or four years, and that the number this year will scarcely exceed 25 per cent. of the number recorded in 1889. This is pretty good evidence that the people of Cumberland are fast learning to live within the bounds of their income—an omen of better times for the future. The cash system must sooner or later be adopted in every line of business.

River Improvements.

Appropriations for the Cape Fear River below Wilmington this year has been fixed at $100,000; between Fayetteville and Wilmington $15,000, and for the North East River only $5,000. It is lamentable alike that the appropriations are so small and insufficient for the improvement of two such important rivers as the two last named. The North East River is to a large area of territory, embraced by parts of New Hanover, Pender and Duplin, what the Cape Fear is to the great Cape Fear region, embracing Moore, Harnett, Sampson, Cumberland, Bladen, Pender, Robeson and New Hanover, both of which should have had an appropriation three times the amount assigned them.

Violent and Destructive Hail Storm.

A most fearful hail-storm passed over the vicinity of Wade station last Friday afternoon, working sad havoc to the growing crops, stripping fruit trees of their foliage and blooms, and literally demolishing the gardens in its path. Hail fell in pieces as large as hen-eggs, some of which were brought to this office on the following day by Mr. Sim. Godwin, measuring to that size twenty-four hours after the storm had ceased. He tells us that hundreds of small chickens were killed, and window-glass shattered by the score. Mr. Godwin also brought along with him another evidence of the violence of the storm, in the shape of a branch of an apple-tree, the bark of which had been broken and largely peeled off by the hail-stones.

From Carlos Mr. Hatcher writes us that the storm was particularly severe in that section, ten of the hail-stones weighing sixteen ounces. The damage done at every point thus far heard from is about on a par with the report from Wade.

INTERESTING AND ANCIENT DOCUMENT.

Giving a Full Account of the Destruction of Fayetteville by Fire in 1831, and the Dedication of the Presbyterian Church on the Following Year.

Through the kindness of a friend we have been shown a well-preserved copy of a rather ancient document, entitled "A Dedication Sermon by Rev. Henry A. Rowland, preached in Fayetteville, N. C., at the opening of the Presbyterian Church, which was destroyed by fire in the conflagration of the town on the 29th of May, 1831, and rebuilt and dedicated August 12th, 1832," to which we also find appended a graphic account of the wholesale destruction of the town on this memorable occasion—29th of May, 1831. Of the present generation, doubtless but few have ever read this account, and believing it would prove a source of interest to hundreds and thousands throughout this section, we give it below:

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 29, 1831.

FAYETTEVILLE IS NO MORE! This morning the sun rose upon us in its beauty, and with gladdened hearts we flocked to the churches of our God—now we are in RUINS. But two stores of all that this place contained are standing. The rest are entirely consumed. Nothing but stacks of tottering chimneys remain to tell what we once were.

Except in the outskirts of the town, and in those streets which are a little off from the centre of our town, not a dwelling house remains. All the churches, with the exception of the Methodist, which is distant from the centre of the town, are destroyed. The academy, the two splendid hotels, our printing offices, the two banks, the old State-house, every apothecary's shop, and some of our mills, are in ashes.

The fire communicated (it is supposed) from a chimney precisely in the centre of the town, and spread with inconceivable rapidity through every street. It was just after the congregation had been dismissed, about half past 12 o'clock, when the fire was first discovered, and in less than one hour and a half our village was literally a "sea of flame." The goods were consumed in the streets; the engines were burnt at their stands. Some who had property removed to a distance in expectation of safety were disappointed; too soon the devouring element reached them. The churches, though at a distance from each other, were soon in flames. The tall steeple of the Presbyterian Church seemed a pyramid of fire; for a while it stood firm; soon the bell descended with a crash—the steeple trembled, tottered and fell. The Episcopal Church, which apparently caught at the same time, was soon in ashes.

As I wandered through the outskirts of the place to administer relief, so far as possible, to the distressed, my heart sunk within me. The sick were borne out of their houses, and were lying on pallets in the street. Others, faint and exhausted, were reclining on the beds which had been thrown out. Every moment our ears were stunned with the explosion of powder, to demolish the buildings, which might stay the flames. But although many were thus levelled, there was not strength to pull the timbers from the reach of the conflagration.

It is impossible to paint the heart-rending scenes which everywhere occurred. Parents were inquiring for their children, and children for their parents, and in every countenance reigned despair.

I have been round the fire in every direction, and the above statements are the result of my own observation. From where I now write I can perceive, for the extent of nearly half a mile, the light which flashes up from the smouldering ruins. A very small portion of the property was insured. Most of the people *lost their all!* Our distress may be partially imagined, but cannot be justly conceived of. Much bodily injury was experienced, but, so far as it is at present known, no lives were lost. What results may be ascertained when our friends are collected, it is impossible to say.

The loss on this occasion has been variously estimated, from a million to a million and a half of dollars. No sooner was it known than the sympathies of the whole country awakened, and contributions were made for the relief of the town. In Raleigh and Wilmington prompt measures were taken to meet with kindness and liberality our necessities. The return of every mail added fresh encouragement. The contributions were unexampled in liberality from every part of our country; and it is to these, that in a great measure, we are indebted for our returning prosperity. Our merchants were received with the greatest kindness by the merchants of New York, who, in addition to their own severe losses by the fire, contributed liberally to the town, and assisted, by the credit which they extended to our merchants, to re-establish our business. The amount contributed for the relief of the town was not far from a hundred thousand dollars, which was distributed to those for whom it was designed.

Fife-Needham Bible Conference.

In the Presbyterian Church, to-night at 8 o'clock the Fife-Needham Bible Conference begins. To the christian workers of the community without regard to denominational affiliations the invitation heretofore extended is repeated, for all to be present and participate in the exercises of the hour.

At Wilmington, Oxford, Raleigh, Charlotte and Greensboro these meeting have been pronounced a grand success, enlisting the endorsement and hearty co-operation of the christian people of those communities. Fayetteville should be no exception to the rule, and our people are earnestly requested to give these Evangelists their united support and sympathy, and all work together for the cause of Christ.

The hospitality of Fayetteville people is proverbial and the visitors to the city, in attendance upon these meetings, will always find the "latch-string" hanging on the outside.

Friday the service begins at 11 o'clock, and 7:30 o'clock at night; Saturday the same, and Sunday at 11, 4 and 8 o'clock.

Marshals for the Tenth of May.

Maj. W. F. Campbell has appointed the following list of Assistant Marshals for Memodial day:

Capt. E. J. Hale, Maj. J. N. Prior, Maj. A. A. McKethan, Col. Chas. Haigh, Geo. A. Thomson, Capt. W. B. Draughon, J. H. Monaghan, A. D. McGill, J. W. Atkinson, T. J. Powers, Capt. S. C. Rankin, Capt. J. S. Evans, Geo. Brandt, C. B. McMillan, A. J. Bethune, T. H. McLean, Col. A. H. Worth, Henry E. Smith, Capt. A. B. Williams, Capt. W. E. Kyle, Capt. J. K. Kyle, Henry Downing, H. L. Hall, B. R. Taylor, Capt. J. A. McPherson, R. McMillan, K. J. Rhodes, Capt. J. B. Smith, Capt. D. H. Ray, Colin McRae, John G. Shaw, H. R. Horne, Capt. J. H. Robinson, A. Broadfoot, W. H. Tomlinson, J. A. Gainey, Walter J. Smith, Capt. Jos. A. McArthur, John Roslin Smith.

The Fayetteville Cornet Band will furnish music for the occasion.

Address on Odd Fellowship.

Sunday afternoon last, at 4 o'clock, in Hay Street M. E. Church, Rev. Dr. Moore preached the anniversary sermon for Cross Creek Lodge, No. 4, I. O. O. F. The seating capacity of the church was heavily taxed to comfortably accommodate the immense crowd, and the sermon was a grand one; chaste, ornate and beautiful; a typical illustration of the great foundation principles of "Friendship, Love and Truth," upon which Odd Fellowship is based.

The text of Scripture selected for the occasion will be found in the 4th chapter and 8th verse of St. Paul's Epistle to the Philippians: "Think on these things," from which Dr. Moore soon convinced the vast audience that the "Bible is the storehouse from which the principles of Odd Fellowship are derived; and guided by its instructions we may approximate that golden age when the fetters of prejudice will be broken, the shackels of mental and moral bondage fall off, and man, redeemed and disenthralled from the slavish life of passions and vice, will assert his high birthright, and own the ties which bind him in universal consanguinity with his brother man;" thus showing the moral precepts of the Bible to contain the moral principles of Odd Fellowship, with relief for the afflicted, help for the destitute, comfort for the sorrowing and care for the widows and orphans, as part of its lofty aims.

The members met at the lodge room at 3:30 o'clock, and marched to the church in a body, joined by members of other lodges in this section. The lodge is in fine trim now, adding new members every Monday night, and otherwise strengthening itself in the eyes of the community.

By resolutions passed last Monday night Dr. Moore's address will be published in pamphlet form at once.

Convicts and Public Roads.

Accepting the figures of Col. Paul Faison, chairman of the board of managers of the State Penitentiary, in his last quarterly statement thereof to Gov. Holt, we are once more confronted with the fact that this institution is daily growing more burdensome to the State, the expenses of the last quarter having exceeded the receipts by something like fifteen thousand dollars.

Naturally enough, then, the question arises why not work and keep in repair the public roads of North Carolina with convict labor. In no other way could the great masses of the people derive more benefit from the operations of the penitentiary for which they are annually taxed to maintain and support. Empowered with that authority, the commissioners of a few counties in the State have already begun the experiment, and we are glad to report that Cumberland seriously contemplates the adoption next Monday of the system for working the public roads in the county by convict labor. Good roads to a country sparsely settled like North Carolina is highly essential to the growth and prosperity of the rural regions and to the cities and towns as well, and we hope the day is not far distant when better roads will radiate from Fayetteville in every direction, permeating the dark corners of civilization and the most isolated regions of the Old North State.

Dr. Hodges's Pythian Address at Bennettsville.

Speaking of Dr. J. A Hodges' Pythian address, delivered in Bennettsville last Wednesday evening, a correspondent of the Wilmington *Messenger* has this to say:

"By special invitation Dr. J. A. Hodges, of Fayetteville, N. C., addressed the Knights of Pythias of Bennettsville in the court house at this place on Wednesday evening, upon the principles and objects of the order. The address was public and was listened to by a large assemblage of ladies and gentlemen of the town and vicinity. Justice to the address cannot be done in this brief notice. It is the undivided opinion of all present that a more appropriate, scholarly, chaste and eloquent address upon any subject was never delivered in our midst. Dr. Hodges is an orator in the true sense of the word—in action, delivery, diction and style. The speaker was without fault, while in substance the address was replete with the most correct and forcible exposition of the principles and aims of Pythianism, presented with a charm that held his audience spellbound to the end. Dr. Hodges was accompanied by his accomplished lady, and husband and wife completely captivated all whom they met."

Dr. Hodges is easily one of the first orators in the land to-day, and is certainly one of the most fascinating and charming speakers the writer has ever heard.

Rev. H. A. Brown in Richmond.

The Richmond Times of to-day says: Rev. H. A. Brown, of Winston, N. C., arrived in this city last night, and is the guest of Mr. John F. Bagland, at his home, No. 905 Floyd avenue.

Mr. Brown will hold services and preach at Randolph-street Baptist church to-night.

As previously mentioned in these columns, Randolph street is looking for a good preacher and pastor, and it is said that Rev. H. A. Brown fills the bill. It is likely that he will be the man. I had a conversation with him last night and found him to be a gentleman of pleasing address and cordial manners. Should he become the pastor of Randolph street he will be the third North Carolina minister called by the Baptist churches of Richmond in nine months.—*Winston Sentinel.*

While our contemporary fails to state as as much, it is neverthless true that Rev. Mr. Brown has received the call to the Randolph St. Baptist Church. He was formerly pastor of the Baptist Church in Fayetteville, where he enjoys to-day a large circle of friends to wish him well wherever he gose.

LATER.—Dr. Brown has declined, and will remain in Winston.

Easter Offering.

The charming soloist of Hay Street M. E. Church, Miss Belle Barker, was presented one evening the past week with a handsome check as an "Easter offering," by her Methodist friends in Fayetteville, which, however, is but a feeble expression of their appreciation of the pleasure afforded them each recurring Sabbath, as they listen to the entrancing melodies of her soft, sweet voice. Miss Barker is a graduate of the New England Conservatory of Music, at Boston, and possesses a voice of great compass and rare sweetness.

People and Their Movements.

Geo. A. Burns, made a flying visit to Greensboro Tuesday.

Rev. Mr. Parker, of Roseboro, spent the day in Fayetteville Tuesday.

A. McArtan, Esq., of McNatt's, paid his respects to the OBSERVER this week.

Miss Hettie Harriss, of Wilson, is visiting Mr. William Jackson's family in this city.

Mr. Z. B. Newton, of Hope Mills, has been appointed a Notary Public by Governor Holt.

Mr. Marshall Willians, of Basic City, Va., has been in Fayetteville a day or two this week.

Mr. John T. John, of John's Station, came up Tuesday and spent the night in Fayetteville.

R. W. Hicks, one of Wilmington's most successful merchants, was a Fayetteville visitor this week.

Mrs. R. M. Nimocks and Mrs. Helen Sheetz have returned from Salem where they spent Easter.

Prof. M. C. S. Noble, of the Wilmington Graded Schools, spent a short while in Fayetteville the past week.

Mr. W. P. McAllister, of Lumberton, who is visiting relatives near Wade, paid the OBSERVER office a pleasant visit Tuesday.

Maj A. J. O'Hanlon was on our streets again Tuesday for the first time since his recent severe illness seized him quite a month ago.

The Misses Cottons, who have been on a visit to their brother, Capt. S. H. Cotton, at Hope Mills, returned to their home in Philadelphia yesterday.

The welcome news of Capt. H. C. Gadesby's continued convalescence at Hope Mills will be gladly received by his host of friends in Fayetteville and elsewhere.

Capt. L. R. Breece, of Lumberton, a former resident and citizen of Cumberland, visited the scenes of former days in and around Fayetteville the past week.

Barn, Stables and Stock Destroyed by Fire.

Mr. Taylor Fisher's barn, stables and two or three head of horses, in Cedar Creek township, were destroyed by fire last Friday night, together with a considerable amount of forage—entailing a loss of several hundred dollars, with but little, if any insurance. From the beginning, the work was thought to have been that of an incendiary. Suspicion at once centred around one Henry Melvin, who has since been arrested and committed to jail. To one of his fellow-prisoners he has virtually acknowledged his guilt, of which there is but little doubt, however.

Speaking at Red Springs and Fayetteville

We authorized to give notice that Marion Butler, Esq., President of the State Farmers Alliance of North Carolina will speak at Red Springs next Thursday, May 5th.

Also that Mr. J. S. Bell, of Brasstown, State lecturer for the Alliance, will speak in Fayetteville on Friday, the 29th inst. (to-morrow), in the afternoon. Everybody invited to come.

Predictions for Next Fall.

To listen to cotton-buyers of experience predict that cotton will sell for 5 cents in North Carolina next fall, is poor comfort for so many of the hard-worked and poorly-paid farmers of this section. Certainly it is not encouraging to plant extensively of the "fleecy staple" this spring.

Picnic at Cottonade.

The event of the season for outdoor pleasure will be a basket picnic at Cottonade on next Tuesday afternoon by the "Ward McAllister four hundred" of this city. Thanks for an invite.

Hydrophobia.

Cor. Richmond Dispatch, 17th inst.]

As there have been numerous cases of hydrophobia reported in this city lately, and having treated a number of so called cases myself in the city, I think a few remarks through your valuable paper may not be out of place. Hydrophobia or "canine madness" is a specific bacterian disease of the dog, cat, fox and wolf, and is transmissable to other animals and to man by inoculation only. The season, abuse, privation of water, improper food have no effect further than they serve to produce a febrile state and hasten the development of the disease after the seeds are implanted in the system. Males chiefly suffer, it being most rare in females. The poison in the shape of micro-occus is found in the blood, saliva, and sometimes in the brain. The period of incubation varies from five to eighty days. The symptoms in the dog are sudden change of habits, dulness, restlessness, picking up and swallowing foreign bodies, such as straws, sticks, etc., sudden passion, and biting at imaginary objects as well as at people and other dogs, a peculiar hoarse, low howl, seeking dark corners, a fixed stare, squinting, rolling of the eyes, etc., etc.

It often assumes a paralytic form, also a lethargic or sleepy form. There are a great many fallacies with regard to hydrophobia—namely, fear of water, tail tucked between the legs, loss of appetite, froth at the mouth, etc.

A mad dog will drink water until the muscles of deglutition become paralyzed. He will swim through water. His tail is invariable held high. He will often not eat good, wholesome food, but after death the stomach is generally found loaded with a various mixture of indigestible stuff. Frothing at the mouth only occurs when the jaws are paralyzed. More dogs go mad in cold weather than in hot, as shown by statistics. Canada and all northern countries show a large amount of cases, while in India and Africa the disease is exceptional. Hydrophobia is often confounded with various forms of stomach and brain trouble, and a genuine case of hydrophobia is not often seen. It is well to confine animals who act in any strange manner, but it is not advisable to kill them till a qualified veterinary surgeon has examined and passed sentence on them. We know very little of the pathology of the disease and of the treatment, absolutely nothing.

While a student at the New York Veterinany College, I, with some others, experimented on some thirty or forty cases of genuine hydrophobia, but to no purpose, and the post-mortems revealed little or nothing. To owners of dogs I would say: If you have reason to suppose that your dog is mad confine him and get an expert to examine him. If you get bitten, have the bite cauterized at once and do not get frightened over it.

There is very little danger from a bite through any clothing, as the clothing wipes the saliva off before it comes in contact with the skin.

COL. HARRY SKINNER'S CARD.

Now while these are my individual views I have no desire to force them upon Democrats who cannot see through the same glasses as I do, and certainly would not have them incorporated in our State platform, recognizing as I do that there is that difference of opinion among Democrats that would hazard the harmony of Democratic councils and jeopordize our success at the polls, realizing further as I do that our white people must be held together within the organization of Democracy to preserve home ruld, to prevent the common enemy from re-enacting the era of its misrule, to perpetuate white supremacy and to stand as a barrier against amalgamation and the evils that would flow therefrom. The people of North Carolina may be assured while I claim the right of my individual views, I stand ready to make any sacrifice to prevent the disruption of the Democratic party. And if I may be permitted to make a suggestion, without criticism, to Alliance and non-Alliance Democrats in the interest of harmony, it would be to carry out what I intended at the last meeting of the State executive committee, to recommend to the different county conventions, with as little variation as possible, the State platform of 1890, and relegate all our differences of a national character to the different Congressional conventions, as this class of relief must come through the channel of Congress, and these are the political bodies that should be impressed with the importance of relief on the line indicated. In making this suggestion I am not retreating from the Democratic principles involved in the sub-treasury plan.

I shall attend the Democratic convention of the First District and do as I did at our last district convention, use my power to have incorporated this plan in the platform, and work for the nomination of a man that will stand flat-footed upon such a platform. If I fail, it will not diminish my Democratic ardor, but I will follow the majority. As a financial reformer, I cannot see how engrafting anything unusual in our State platform will advance our cause. I can see how it may divide our people and endanger our local institutions. I give the Alliance credit for too much wisdom and patriotism, even if in the absolute control of the State convention, to act either in naming the ticket or the platform, so as to bring defeat upon the work there committed to their charge. My opinion is, they will act wisely and conservatively, and on the day after will deserve the applause of patriots. Let non-Alliance Democrats stop their bickerings, mad criticisms, tone themselves down, be prepared to act conservatively, meet on a common ground, help enact a common platform that all can stand upon, and name a satisfactory ticket that will inspire union and solidity in city, town, hamlet and country, and under one flag march to an assured victory.

To this end let all meet as true Democrats prepared to make some sacrifices and concessions for the common good.

HARRY SKINNER.

Don't Monkey with the Snake!

It is stated that a rattle-snake cannot bite if held up by the tail. Would you like to put the statement to a practical test? Probably not; but how often do you take far greater risks? A snake-bite is not the only means of introducing poison into the system. If your liver is sluggish, it fails to remove the impurities from the blood which passes through it, and deadly poisons are thus thrown into the circulation, all the more dangerous because they are insidious. If your blood is impure, if your liver is out of order, if you have blotches, pimples, boils or eruptions, "don't monkey with the snake!" Take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the only specific against all blood-poisons, no matter of what name or nature. It is sold under a *positive guarantee* that it will benefit or cure, or your money will be refunded.

To Millions of Free Acres via B. & O. R. R.

Early in April 3,000,000 acres of land of Cheyenne and Arrapahoe reservations in Indian Territory were thrown open to settlers. Those contemplating availing themselves of the opportunity to secure free homes will find the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad the quickest route from any point in the East to the Indian Territory. Four trains daily from New York, Philadelphia, Chester, Wilmington, Baltimore, Washington, Cumberland, Wheeling, Pittsburgh, and all intermediate stations. All persons contemplating settling at any point in the West, however distant, are requested to write to Chas. O. Scull, General Passenger Agent, B. & O. R. R., Baltimore, Md., for full information as to rates, time of trains, and sleeping car accommodations from any point East to any point West.

CHAS. O. SCULL,
Gen'l Pass Agent,
B. & O. R. R.

FOR SALE.

A NICE, GENTLE FAMILY HORSE, at a bargain. Apply to

J. S. EVANS,
Fayetteville, N. C.

April 28, 1892—2w

The Fayetteville Printing —AND— Publishing Company,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

—solicit *cash* orders for printing—

LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, STATEMENTS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, HANDBILLS, CIRCULARS, WEDDING INVITATIONS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, NEWSPAPERS, &c., &c., &c.

April 28, 1892. tf

Notice of Sale under Mortgage.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a deed of mortgage executed by W. B. Faircloth on the 23rd day of January, 1886, recorded in Book D, No. 4, page 484, Register of Deeds office for Cumberland County, we will on

MONDAY, 16th DAY OF MAY, 1892,

at 12 o'clock M., at the Court-House door in Fayetteville, N. C., expose to sale to highest bidder the land therein described, being three (3) tracts of land lying in Cedar Creek township, Cumberland county, adjoining the lands of V. Downing, Wiley Cain and others, containing 721 acres more or less.

Terms of sale are cash, but liberal terms as to payment of part of the purchase money can be arranged by satisfactory purchaser.

H. W. LILLY,
R. T. GRAY,
Executors of E. J. Lilly, deceased.

apl 14, 1892—ts

Executor's Notice.

Having this day qualified as executor of the last will and testament of John W. Emmitt, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against the estate of said John W. Emmitt to present them on or before the 21st day of March, 1893, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to said estate must make immediate payment.

P. McQUEEN,
Executor of John W. Emmitt.

March 24, 1892—6w

YOUR NAME IF sent on postal card, with proper address will be inserted free in our numerous lists, and you will receive through them many valuable samples from companies desiring agents. Address postal to the AMERICAN LIST CO., Fischer Building, Chico, Ill. apl 14—2m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOVERS

of good flour all join in praising the splendid quality and low price of "PERFECTION." Every day brings us new customers on this justly celebrated brand. To-day's testimonials are from ladies whose judgment of a superior article is beyond question, and should induce all who have not done so to give it a trial.

Q. K. Nimocks & Co., City:

GENTLEMEN:—I have tried your "Perfection" flour in every way, and find it equal to the most costly brands on the market. Mrs. J. E. GARRETT.

I have been using your "Perfection" flour for several weeks and find it entirely satisfactory. I think it is in every respect what you represent it to be. Mrs. H. R. HORNE.

We are using "Perfection" with the best results. It is a splendid flour. Mrs. J. A. STEEL.

Your flour is indeed "Perfection." I like it as much as any brand I have ever used. Mrs. Dr. G. B. PATTERSON.

Your "Perfection" flour is without a superior on the market. We are using it with the best of satisfaction. Mrs. B. E. SEDBERRY.

Sold and delivered free of extra charge any where in the city by

Q. K. NIMOCKS & CO.,
Gillespie St., Fayetteville, N. C.

April 28, 1892.

We are Still "In It."

There seems to be an idea among our friends and the public generally that we are out of the Insurance Business. This is a mistaken idea. We are

Very Much "In It,"

and intend to stay in it. We represent only the strongest Companies—Fire, Life and Accident, and while we enjoy a very liberal patronage in all branches of the business, we intend to increase it. Thanking our friends and the public for past favors, and soliciting their insurance in all its branches, we remain very much "in it,"

McNEILL & CO.,
—GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS.—

Correspondence solicited.
We will take pleasure in sending to any one requesting statements of our Companies.
April 28, 1892. 2w

The Best Always the Cheapest.

Buy reliable goods of the undersigned, such as

HIGH GRADE FLOUR,
unsurpassed for bread, biscuit and pastry, at low price for high grade goods.
FANCY PEARL MEAL.
MARTIN'S HIGH GRADE BUTTER.
"MURRAY HILL" ROASTED JAVA COFFEE.
ORANGES, BANANAS, &c.
—FRESH—
ASPARAGUS FROM OAK RIDGE FARM.
ROYSTER'S CHOICE CANDIES WILL ARRIVE IN TIME FOR EASTER.

A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.,
HAY STREET.
April 14, 1892. tf

ABSOLUTELY FREE!

The Publishers of the FAMILY JOURNAL are determined to largely increase the circulation of their paper. To do this we make the following unparalleled offer. We will send absolutely FREE postage prepaid, the celebrated *FAMILY COOK-BOOK* to each person sending us 25 cents for a six months' subscription to the FAMILY JOURNAL. This Cook Book is sent to EACH six months subscriber, and will be found an almost invaluable culinary guide in the hands of the most experienced housekeepers, as well as a necessity to the inexperienced. It possesses the one great advantage over all other cook-books published by being a comprehensive compilation of economical recipes suited to housewives with limited means. Under other heads recipes for numerous table luxuries are given. In fact this cook-book is a compendium of useful recipes used and originated by the most celebrated chefs, cooks and pastry bakers of the present day. With the FAMILY COOK-BOOK as a guide, no housewife need worry how to prepare the most sumptuous or most frugal repast. Remember we send this book absolutely free to every six months' subscriber to the FAMILY JOURNAL. This is no cheap book. It retails as high as $1.50 and $2 and is worth many times more. *THE FAMILY JOURNAL* is an elegant monthly family paper, handsomely illustrated, and containing in connection with charming stories and choice literature, such special features as "Household Hints," "The Fashions," "The Household Doctor" and numerous other departments of domestic interest, each ably edited by well-known writers on the various topics mentioned. Six months' trial subscription is only 25 cents and entitles sender to a single copy of the Cook-Book. Send twenty-five cents in postal note or stamps to

THE FAMILY JOURNAL CO.,
89 Plymouth Place, Chicago, Ill.
apl 14—2m

Very Desirable Town Lot FOR SALE.

On Monday, April 25th, at 12 o'clock M., at the Market-House in Fayetteville, N. C., I shall offer for sale that very desirable lot on West Green Street and St. James's (Court House) Square, known as the Spring Lot. *Terms Cash.* This property can be bought in the meantime at private sale.

C. W. BROADFOOT,
Attorney.
March 31 1892—1m

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad
Address WALTER WATSON,
Fayetteville, N. C.
apl 7-tf

Easter Cards and Booklets.

"The Three Hours' Agony of our Blessed Redeemer," by Rev. W. J. Knox Little.
"Agnus Dei;" or, Meditations on the Event of each day in Holy Week, by Rev. W. C. E. Newbolt
"The Seven Voices of the Cross."
"Good Friday Meditations."
"By Thy Cross and Passion."
Also a beautiful line of Dutton's and Prang's Cards and Booklets.

PRAYERS AND HYMNALS;

bound in Persian Calf, French Levant, White German Calf, French Seal, Turkey Morocco and Rutland Roan.

A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.
April 7, 1892—tf

Democratic Convention.

The Democratic County Convention of Cumberland County is called to meet in the Town Hall in Fayetteville, at 12 o'clock M., Saturday, May 7th, 1892, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Democratic State Convention to be held in Raleigh, May 18th, and the Congressional Convention to be hereafter called.

All Democrats of Cumberland county, except in Cross Creek township, are hereby notified to meet in convention in their respective townships at the usual place of meeting on Saturday, April 30th. 1892, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of electing delegates to said County Convention. In Cross Creek township the Convention will be held on Friday night, April 29th, at 8 o'clock P. M., in the Town Hall.

The several township executive committees are requested to give further notice of the said meetings.

By order of the Democratic County Executive Committee.

HENRY L. COOK,
Chairman.
April 7, 1892.

Little Dick Jones,

AT A. MOORE'S STAND.

BEST CORN WHISKEY MADE IN THE LAND, BRANDIES, WINES, Etc.

A cordial invitation to my old friends to call and see me. DICK JONES.
March 10, 1892—tf

CARTER'S PEPSIN is the safest remedy for weak digestion. Can be taken by the smallest child. For sale by leading druggists. apl 14—3m

Sale for Taxes.

ON THURSDAY, the 5th day of MAY, 1892, I will sell at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., at 11 o'clock A. M., the following property to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy Taxes due "Fayetteville."

B. R. TAYLOR,
Tax Collector.

Arnett, Caroline, res Water street, 1889 2.00, 1890 2.00,	$ 4 00
Buckingham, J H res Russell st 1889, 11.55, 1890 9.81,	21 36
Buchanan, Wm imp'd Orange st 1889,	3 50
Brown, W A res Grove st 1889,	6 00
Broadfoot, Robert res Moore st 1890,	7 50
Cotton, W J res Blount st 1890,	3 00
Davis, F R res Adams st 1889 1.50, 1890 4.25,	5 75
Davis, Julius, lot Worth st 1890,	2 50
Daniels, Silas vacant Sundy's Lane 1890,	1 85
Dunn, Abram res Ramsey st 1890,	6 45
Elliott, Sallie lot Orange st 1890,	3 50
Ferguson, Mrs Catharine imp'd Maiden Lane bal 1889,	3 05
Gill, John imp'd Mumford st 1889 2.25, 1890	6 25
Halliday, Williby imp'd Holmes st 1888 bal 50c., 1889 1.50, 1890 1.51,	3 51
Hogans, Dennis res Ramsey st 1890,	5 47
Johnson, A A res Orange st 1889 bal 2.28, 1890 4.22,	6 50
Jenkins, Polly res Lamon st 1889 bal 1.56, 1890 3.50,	5 06
Jones, Bryant res Broad st 1890,	2 50
Jones, David res Lamon st 1890,	23 28
Johnson, Mrs Catharine Maiden Lane 1890,	9 00
Jones, Jas H imp'd Broad st 1890,	2 00
Lash, F W imp'd Moore st 1889 bal 1.50, 1890 3.50,	5 00
Mitchell, Henry res Mechanic st 1890	2 55
Mazingo, Edward res Russell st 1890,	1 00
McLaurin, Mrs E H store Hay st 1889 bal 15.75, 1890 30.75,	46 50
McAllister, Jas res Franklin st 1890,	3 75
McLean, Geo res Meeting st 1890,	3 50
Nelson, Mary lot Chauncy st 1890,	1 00
Overton, J R imp'd Water st 1889,	1 50
Phillips, H C res Frink Alley 1890,	2 50
Perry, Dallas Ramsey st 1889 9.50, 1890 9.85,	19 35
Robinson, A A res Moore st 1889 bal 80c. 1890 2.30,	3 10
Roberts, Zack res King st 1890,	3 25
Rencher, Annie res Gillespie st bal 1889 1.50, 1890 2.50,	4 00
Smith, Jno W res King st 1888 4.51, 1889 3.99, 1890 3.75,	12 25
Scanlin, R T res Bow st 1889 15.00, 1890 11.00,	26 00
Smith, Lovedy J imp'd Chatham st bal 1890,	1 75
Williams, A H imp'd Hillsboro st 1889,	2 50
Weill, Mrs Sol C Hay st 1890,	20 00
Welsh, J W imp'd Mumford st 1890,	11 00

April 7, 1892

H. H. H.

We have a set of

Electric Call Bells

up for exhibition in our store.

We will be pleased to have the public examine them—the ladies especially. They are very useful and cheap.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

H. H. H.

We have just received a car-load of

Sash, Doo rand Blinds.

Prices will be lower than ever before.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

H. H. H.

Hacks, Pullers, Dippers.

We have a line of TURPENTINE TOOLS in stock, which are absolutely guaranteed. Get one—if not good we will replace it.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
April 7, 1892.

"OUR OWN"

Sarsaparilla with Iodides,

100 FULL DOSES $1.00:

BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN ANY PREPARATION ON THE MARKET.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

A. J. COOK & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
MARKET SQUARE.
Fayetteville, N. C.
March 31, 1892.

POE & CO.,
BRICK AND TILE MANUFACTURERS,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Feb'y 25, 1892—tf

JUST IN!

- A - FINE - LOT -

—OF—

SCOTCH HOLLAND AND OIL OPAQUE

Window Curtains.

☞ These goods were bought at greatly reduced prices, and we propose to sell them accordingly low. The stock is very select, but will not last long at the prices we have fixed. Call early and get first selection.

S. SHEETZ & SONS,
FURNITURE DEALERS.
April 28th, 1892.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

—AT—

WALTER WATSON'S

Hardware House.

PLOWS,	HOES,
HAMES,	RAKES,
TRACES,	FORKS,
BACK BANDS,	SHOVELS,
SINGLE TREES,	WHEEL BARROWS,
REPAIR LINKS,	LAWN MOWERS,
BULL TONGUES,	FLY FANS,
SWEEPS,	FLY TRAPS,
SHOVELS,	BUSH AND BRIER HOOKS,
SWEEP STOCKS,	PUMPS,

Sash, Doors and Blinds,

LIME, LATHS, HAIR, &c., &c.

March 24, 1892—tf

McMILLAN BROS.,

MANUFACTURERS OF TURPENTINE STILLS,

Fayetteville, N. C. and Savannah, Ga.

We keep constantly on hand STILLS, CAPS, ARMS and WORMS, from 10 to 35 bbl. capacity. BOTTOMS OF ALL SIZES. We beg to remind our friends that we are prepared to fill all ORDERS FOR STILLS AND STILL REPAIRS without any delay. We exchange New Stills for old ones, and pay the highest cash price for old stills and copper in any shape. Give us a call. McMILLAN BROS., FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

March 24, 1892—tf

P. P. P.

is recommended by physicians because they see its healthy effects all around them.

A leading physician in New York, and director of one of the large hospitals, says, February 8, 1890, he has made use of the P. P. P. sent him, and was pleased to say P. P. P. proved efficacious in a number of cases, and adds, it is no more than he should have anticipated from the satisfactory combination of such well known drugs.

A prominent railway superintendent of Savannah (name given on application) says he was crippled by a disease in legs and arms, powerless to walk or eat without assistance, having lost the use of his limbs by rheumatism, malaria, dyspepsia, etc. Physicians here sent him to New York and they returned him here, and he was as complete a wreck as one could be and live. A course of P. P. P. has made him a well man.

P. P. P. is known among physicians in the South for its various and wonderful cures as the great blood purifier of the age.

Blood Poison

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Syphilis, old sores, pimples, blotches, scrofula, blood and mercurial poison and skin diseases are eradicated by the use of P. P. P. Hosts of certificates are in office to show the cures in these diseases where all other medicines have failed.

Rheumatism

Inflammatory, gout, sciatic and its kindred diseases with their excruciating pains are cured by the wonderful blood-cleansing properties of P. P. P (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium).

Catarrh

Originates in scrofulous taint. P. P. P. purifies the blood, and this prevents catarrh.

For Old Sores, Skin Eruptions, Pimples, Ulcers and Syphilis, use only P. P. P., and get well and enjoy the blessing only to be derived from the use of P. P. P (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium). For sale by H. R. HORNE and A. J. COOK & CO

One Dollar Weekly

Buys a good Gold Watch by our Club System. Our 14-karat gold-filled cases are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement. Stem wind and set. Lady's or Gent's size. Equal to any $50 watch. To secure agents where we have none, we sell one of the Hunting-Case Watches for the Club price $28 and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same.

Our Agent at Heath Springs, S. C., writes:

"Your watches take at sight. The gentleman who got the last watch said that he examined and priced a jeweler's watches in Lancaster, that were no better than yours, but the price was $45."

One good reliable Agent wanted for each place. Write for particulars.

EMPIRE WATCH CO., New York.

March 3, 1892. 1y

Important to Ladies.

SIR:—I made use of your PHILOTOKEN with my last child, in order to procure a safe and easy travail. I used it about two months before my expected time, until I was taken sick, and I had a very quick and easy confinement. Nothing occurred to protract my convalescence, and I got about in less time than was usual for me. I think it a medicine that should be used by every expectant mother, for should they but try it as I have they would never again be without it at such times.

I am yours respectfully,

MRS. ELIZABETH DIX.

Any merchant or druggist can procure RISLEY'S PHILOTOKEN for $1 a bottle.

CHARLES F. RISLEY, Wholesale Druggist, 62 Cortlandt St., New York.

March 3, 1892. 1y

For Sale.

That desirable place on Haymount formerly owned and occupied by Col. A. H. Worth, known as the summer residence of the late D. A. Ray—a comfortable six-room dwelling, with all necessary outhouses and attractive grounds. Belonging to the property are 15 acres of valuable land—a good part thereof fronting on the street leading to Glenville Pond, and easily divided into eligible building lots with pleasant location. On the premises are good water, a never-failing spring and fish-pond. For terms call on or address

WELDON W HUSKE, Fayetteville, N. C.

[illegible] 7, 1892—tf

NOTICE.

The undersigned has resumed the practice of law in Fayetteville, N. C. His office is on Hay street, over McDuffie's Drug Store. P. O. box 34.

He will attend the Courts, State and Federal, where his services may be required.

JAMES C. MACRAE.

Jan'y 1, 1891. tf

FOR SALE.

One Bookwalter Engine and Boiler complete, 6½ horse-power; one Circular Saw Frame and Mandrill, and five saws of the following sizes: 32 inch, 23 inch, 21½ inch, 10 inch and 12 inch; Belting, Shafting, etc. Also Portable Grist Mill. Also one 10½ horse-power Engine and Boiler with necessary fixtures, etc. Apply to

A. G. BRADY, Fayetteville, N. C.

Oct. 15,1891—tf

NEWTON H. SMITH,
Real Estate Agent,

P. O. Box 58, Fayetteville, N. C.,

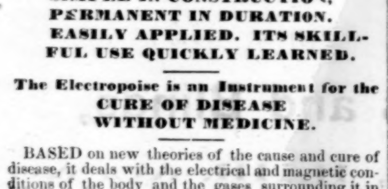
Has especial advantages for buying and selling town and country property. Write him for particulars if you want to buy or sell REAL ESTATE.

He is also a

COAL DEALER,

and carries a FULL STOCK AT ALL TIMES of Anthracite and Bituminous Coal, and is *never undersold.*

July 30, 1891—tf



SIMPLE IN CONSTRUCTION, PERMANENT IN DURATION. EASILY APPLIED. ITS SKILLFUL USE QUICKLY LEARNED.

The Electropoise is an Instrument for the CURE OF DISEASE WITHOUT MEDICINE.

BASED on new theories of the cause and cure of disease, it deals with the electrical and magnetic conditions of the body and the gases surrounding it in the atmosphere controlling these conditions at will. IT IS NOT ELECTRICITY. DISEASE is simply impaired vitality. The Electropoise constantly adds to the vitality, and only assists NATURE, IN NATURE'S WAY, to throw off the trouble.

A 40 page book, describing treatment and containing testimonials from all sections, and for the cure of all diseases, mailed *free* on application. Address

ATLANTIC ELECTROPOISE CO.,

Washington, D. C. Charleston, S. C. Atlanta, Ga

MISS S. A. TILLINGHAST. 425 N. Bloodworth St., Raleigh, N. C.

MISS MARY McN. BUIE, Fayetteville, N. C.

Jan'y 21, 1892.

Land for Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, N. C., made in a proceeding to sell land to pay debts due by the estate of Holly Gainey, I as Commissioner will, on Monday, May 2nd, 1892, at 11 o'clock at the Court-House in Fayetteville, expose to sale by public auction the lands of said Holly Gainey, situate in Flea Hill township in said county, containing about 300 acres (subject, however, to the widow's dower which has been duly assigned).

TERMS: The purchaser will be required to pay one-fourth cash, and give notes for the balance, to be paid in two equal installments in six and twelve months, with interest at eight per cent. from sale.

ALBERT GAINEY, Com'r,

March 24, 1892.

PITOU'S FACE CREAM. The leading Parisian Cosmetique. Absolutely harmless and a perfect face beautifier. A first class medicant. On sale with all leading druggists. apl 14—3m

The Bachelor and the Baby.

I'm an uncle. Who'd have guessed
Such a bachelor as I
Would have fearlessly confessed
He could love a baby's cry?

Brother Charles and I were chums
Ever since we went to school;
Helped each other do our sums
(Did them wrongly as a rule).

Walked to business arm in arm,
Went together to the play;
Felt a sort of vague alarm
If we parted for a day.

But my brother Charles at last
Used to spend his evenings out.
And I guessed where they were passed,
And my mind was filled with doubt.

I was angry, I confess;
I enjoyed my tranquil life,
And my anger grew no less
When he left me for his wife.

So we quarreled—or at least,
I cut him; but I must own
That my misery increased
Every day I spent alone.

Then I bought a little pup,
(Given to greeting me with snarls);
When he died I made it up
With my long-loved brother Charles.

Then he showed me all the charm
Of sedate, domestic joys,
And I dandled on my arm
Charlie, junior, prince of boys.

Now I find domestic bliss
Holds me with a potent spell,
And it's almost come to this—
I must get a wife as well.

Saving Fodder.

Texas Agricultural Bulletin.]

So far as the cost of gathering and storing fodder is concerned there can be no question that saving fodder in any one of the three ways mentioned is a profitable practice. Counting cost in each case, and the value of different fodders, and especially the effect on yield of corn of the different plans of gathering fodder, the practice of pulling leaves only will be found unprofitable as compared with cutting tops only, or cutting tops above and pulling leaves below the ears. Of the two latter plans we have come to the conclusion that it is more profitable, one year with another, to cut tops only, and unless very short of roughness this will generally be found the better practice. The actual cost per ton of the tops and leaves together is only $2.25, and compared with $2.13 for tops only; and the difference in feeding value will make up nicely for the slight difference in cost. Without counting effect on corn, therefore, it would be just as profitable to save lower leaves with tops as to save tops alone; but so far as our experience goes, and what we have been able to gather from others, it would seem that there is usually more or less lost in yield of corn resulting from the stripping of leaves below the ears, while the yield is rarely reduced and usually increased slightly by the practice of cutting tops only. It is for the season that we have narrowed down to the practice of cutting tops only, except when short of forage, as already noted, in which case we save tops and leaves together.

It should be borne in mind that the above statements are made with the understanding that the tops should be cut or the leaves pulled, or both, at the proper time. It would be a great mistake to cut or pull too early, as the effect on corn would be disastrous, lessening the yield and making the ears loose and shrunken; while, if cut too late, the value of the fodder only is imparied. By all means if a mistake must be make, let it be on the safe side. Do not under any circumstances cut or pull too soon. The rule we adopt is exactly the same as for ensilage, and may be expressed briefly as follows: Let the corn stand until the ears are well hardened—never mind if the lowest leaves are even turning dry and yellow—as late as possible, so that the fodder is saved while the upper leaves, stalk and the outer husks of the ear are still green. The old idea of cutting corn ensilage when "in the milk" has given rise to more misunderstanding of the real value of ensilage and the ease with which it may be handled and kept than all other causes combined, and in the same way cutting or pulling fodder too early may result in diappointment and actual loss by decreasing the yield of corn.

In conclusion, we would say to all farmers in this section of the country, do not neglect to save what fodder is made in growing corn, and grow at least enough corn to supply what fodder is really needed for the stock kept on hand.

Treatment of Chicks.

A. G. Gilbert, Ottawa Station.]

After hatching leave the chicks in the nest for twenty-four hours. Take the hen away, feed her well and give water to drink. On coming out of nest feed chicks on bread soaked in milk and squeezed dry, or give dry bread crumbs.

After a few days give chicks all they can eat, as often as they will, of bread and milk or bread crumbs. After second day give milk or water in shallow pans for drink. Be careful bread is not fed too sloppy or loaseness will follow. If chicks appear sick or dropping look for lice. Dust with insect powder carefully.

After two weeks feed wheat sparingly at first, afterward all they can eat, particularly at night; vary with crushed corn. Be carefull the chicks are not stinted of food or they will become stunted. Remember that a chick stunted in the first five weeks of its life will never make a plump fowl.

If the hen and chicks are placed in small coops, the latter should be cleaned every day or second day. As the early chicks grow large they should be removed from the younger ones or the latter will be crofided and make no progress.

Worms in the Beehives.

"There are worms among my bees and I would like to know how to clear them out. Will you please advice me how to it?"——The only way to keep moths out of beehives is to keep the colonies strong. There is no form of hive that will keep them out or prevent their ravages with weak and queenless hives. At the same time it is confidently asserted by good authorities that no bees, either black or Italian, will be troubled with these insects so long as all the combs are covered with bees. The strong colonies seem capable of defending themselves, and the moth eggs will be carried out or destroyed. Something may be done in infected hives by frequent examinations and destroying the webs and worms whenever they can be found. The best preventive is to change the stock to Italians, which are rarely or ever injured by the bee moth.

Salting Butter.

A Wisconsin dairyman of good repute says: I have salted a great deal of butter in the churn, but I prefer to take it out, weigh it and salt it on the worker, one ounce to the pound. In salting in the churn it is necessary to use more salt, for there is considerable water in the butter which comes out when put on the worker. It is impossible to tell how much water there is in the butter in the churn—sometimes more and sometimes less—consequently the butter will not be salted every time alike.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FOR SCROFULA

scrofulous humor in the blood, ulcers, catarrh, and consumption, use

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The most economical, safe, speedy, and effective of all blood-purifiers.

Has Cured Others will cure you.

May 28, 1891.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

H. McD. ROBINSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

NOTARY PUBLIC,
NO. 6, THORNTON BLOCK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Gives special attention to collecting and conveyancing. Deeds, Contracts, Wills, Mortgages, etc prepared in best style on Remington Type-writer. Proofs taken and privy examinations made for any county in North Carolina and other States, and affidavits prepared for use within or without the State.

Oct. 29, 1891.

JOHN G. SHAW,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

Practices in the various Courts of the State Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care.

Feb'y 14, 1889. 1y

N. A. SINCLAIR,
Attorney-at-Law.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Attends all the Courts in Robeson County.

Office No. 4, Thornton Block.

June 20, 1889. tf

DR. J. H. DANIEL,

OF DUNN, HARNETT COUNTY, N. C.,

offers his professional services to those suffering with Cancer and Scrofulous Affections.

All letters of inquiry as to my mode of treatment will be cheerfully answered

Would respectfully ask the attention of the public to the subjoined card from Dr. McKay:

SUMMERVILLE, N. C., Dec. 11th, 1890.

Dr. J. H. Daniel, Dunn, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—The sore on my face, which was pronounced Epethelial Cancer, is perfectly well, and I do not hesitate to recommend your mode of treatment to any persons suffering with Cancer.

Respectfully,

A. M McKAY, M. D.

March 12, 1891—tf

DR. J. H. MARSH

has removed his office and residence to rooms in the Thornton block.

Office in room No 5.

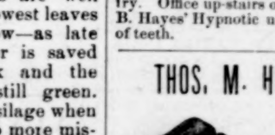
Night bell No. 8.

Calls answered promptly night and day.

Feb'y 5, 1891. tf

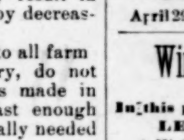
G. B. PATTERSON, D. D. S.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.



After 6 years experience offer his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country. Office up-stairs over Bank of Fayetteville. N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.,



OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

OFFICE:

North-east corner Market Square.

April 29, 1880. tf

Winburn, the Photographer!

In this portion of the State Winburn is the LEADING PHOTOGRAPHER.

A High Grade of Work at a Reasonable Price. Gallery on Person Street, about fifty yards east of Market Square.

Oct. 15, 1891.—tf

CHAS. GLOVER,
AUCTIONEER

—AND—

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Negotiates the sale and purchase of Stocks, Bond and other Securities.

Fayetteville, N. C., Feb'y 5, 1891. tf

S. H. MacRAE,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor,

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE PUBLIC.

Office over McDuffie's Drug Store.

Feb'y 11, 1892—tf

—THE—

Bank : of : Fayetteville,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Does - a - General - Banking - Business.

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK,

Collects Notes and Drafts

Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,

AT REASONABLE CHARGES,

and remits promptly for all collections.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $300,000.00.

☞ No deposits received on interest.

J. D. WILLIAMS, Pres.,
H. W. LILLY, Vice Pres.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.

Fayetteville, N. C., October 8.

W. M. BLEDSOE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Horses, Mules and Cattle.

I would respectfully call the attention of my friends throughout the country that I can be found at my "old stand" in Fayetteville with a fine assortment of

HORSES, MULES AND CATTLE,

all of which I will sell cheap for cash or on time for good security. I am anxious to sell, and if you want to buy or sell come and see

Your humble servant,

W. M. BLEDSOE.

Feb'y 4. 1892—tf

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified as administrator of the estate of Sarah C. Worrell, hereby gives notice to all parties having claims against said estate to present them before March 30th, 1893. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

JAS. D. WORRELL, JR., Adm'r.

March 31, 1892—6t

THE

MERCHANT MILLS

—BY—

J. D. McNEILL,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

are prepared to furnish you at cash prices with

CORN,

MEAL,

FLOUR,

SHIP STUFF,

FEED,

GRAIN, BRAN, &c.

Consult your interest and get their figures before buying.

May 8, 1890. tf

CHAS. A. GOODWIN. E. L. REMSBURG.

Fayetteville Marble

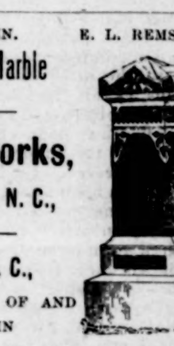
—AND—

Granite Works,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

—AND—

RALEIGH, N. C.,



MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Marble and Granite Monuments, Tombstones,

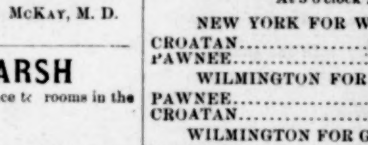
Wrought Iron and Wire Fencing.

The undersigned have formed a partnership for the above work, with E. L. Remsberg resident partner at Fayetteville. Best work and lowest prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GOODWIN & REMSBURG, Fayetteville, N. C.

Sept. 24, 1891—tf

CLYDE'S
New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.



FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK,

Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts.,

At 3 o'clock P. M

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON

CROATAN	Saturday,	April 16
PAWNEE	Saturday,	April 23

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

PAWNEE	Saturday,	April 16
CROATAN	Saturday,	April 23

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN.

PAWNEE	Tuesday,	April 12
CROATAN	Tuesday,	April 19

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Superintendent, Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, 5 Bowling Green, N. Y

March 28 1889 tf

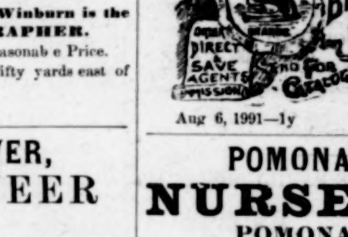
FIRE INSURANCE.

READ AND ACT ACCORDINGLY.

THE ÆTNA FIRE.—The old Ætna's statement for 1891 shows an increase in reinsurance reserve of $170,000, and a gain in net assets of $101,642. That's a good showing in the face of an exceptionally bad year. The Ætna's assets are now $10,659 139, and net surplus $3,702,019. Anybody who wants better indemnity than that offered by the Ætna won't be able to get it.—*The Vindicator, Jan'y 15, 1892.*

B. R. HUSKE, Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.

March 24, 1892—1y



Aug 6, 1891—1y

POMONA HILL
NURSERIES,

POMONA, N. C.

Stock consists of

ALL LEADING FRIUTS

Calculated to suit the Southern and border States.

Send for descriptive Catalogue, No. 1, of

FRIUT TREES, VINES, &c.

and No. 2, Green-House Catalogue of young pot-grown

Roses, Chrysanthemums,

CARANTIONS,

and a general variety of Bedding and Flowing Plants, ready to plant out in April and May.

☞ Catalogue free. Correspondence solicited. Address

J. VAN. LINDLEY, Pomona, Guilford Co., N. C.

May 30, 1889.

:-:Walter Watson's Grocery Store,:-:

PERSON ST., FAYETTEVILLE.

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES,
FLOUR and POTATOES SPECIALTIES.
TOBACCO, SNUFF,
CIGARS, CANNED GOODS, Etc.

Highest Market Prices Paid for all kinds of Country Produce.

☞ Goods delivered free of charge to all parts of the city.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

W. W. COLE, Manager.

March 10, 1892.

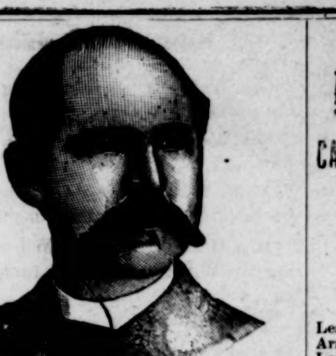
Sunnyside (Floral) Nursery,

JAMES M. LAMB, Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., March 31, 1892.

We are still engaged in moving, and still offer Trees, Shrubs and Plants at the *lowest prices* ever offered in North Carolina for *first-class* stock. We would call special attention to our stock of Magnolias, Cape Jasmines, M. Niel Roses and all the choice kinds of Arborvitæs, with a fine collection of everything for the garden and greenhouse.

March 31, 1892—tf



WHY IS THE

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE [illegible]

THE BEST SHOE IN THE [illegible] MONEY?

It is a seamless shoe, with no [illegible] thread to hurt the feet; made of the best [illegible], stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer,* it equals hand sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from $6.00 to $9.00.

$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish; equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' 2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable.

Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

☞ TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Insist on local advertised dealers supplying you.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

ROSE & LEAK,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Jan 7th, 1892. 5m.

Swinton's Specific
FOR DYSPEPSIA.

This unfailing remedy for Dyspepsia of the most chronic type, is the result of many years' medical research of one of the most noted and eminent medical scholars of the period, Dr. La Verne Swinton. Patent and proprietary nostrums have had no more bitter opponent than this most eminent physician, for the simple reason that the same dose is invariably prescribed to the sufferer, no matter what the temperament of the patient, and no matter what the peculiarities of the disease, and this, too, in the face of the claims that such remedies will cure a majority of known diseases.

Dr. Swinton realized fully to what extent Dyspepsia, whether mild or chronic by impoverishing and poisoning the blood, because the progenitor of numerous diseases, and therefore sought diligently for years to discover its true specific. In this he was successful, but in prescribing his wonderful discovery, he never overlooked the great medical truth that the symptoms in each case, the temperamental differences, and even the habits and occupation of the sufferer, required not only a difference in the prescription of his remedy, but also demanded supplemental treatment and dietary directions, varying widely in different cases. THE SWINTON MEDICAL CO. send in connection with this celebrated Specific for Dyspepsia, a complete treatise by the Doctor, which gives explicit directions to the sufferer, so that he may not only intelligently use the remedy, but also properly regulate the diet, and properly self-administer the supplemental prescriptions suited to the case.

This is Medical Treatment and not Quackery

Do not be robbed of your money and your hopes for restored health by alleged panaceas, which while comparatively harmless will cure nothing.

SWINTON'S SPECIFIC is sold by all druggists in $1.00 packages. We are introducing it ourselves in this territory, before placing it on sale with your leading pharmacists, and will send single packages to any address upon receipt of 50 cents. Each package contains the medical treatise of Dr. Swinton, giving dietary directions and supplemental prescriptions. Address

SWINTON MEDICAL CO.,

Fischer Building. Chicago, Ill.

apl 14—6w

E. L. CLARK,
GROCERY and FAMILY SUPPLY STORE,

CORNER HAY AND WINSLOW STREETS

(Opposite Short-Cut Depot).

COUNTRY PRODUCE

BOUGHT AND SOLD,

Fresh Meats, Etc.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AND HAYMOUNT.

March 17, 1892. 1y

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of John M. Smith, dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against the said estate to present them to the undersigned duly authenticated on or before the 24th day of March, 1893, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN SMITH, Adm'r.

HENRY L. COOK, Att'y.

March 24, 1892. 6tpd

CAPE FEAR RIVER STEAMERS!

Steamer D. Murchison,
Capt. W. A. Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays.
Leaves Wilmington Tuesdays and Fridays.

Steamer A. P. HURT,
Capt. Irvin Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Tuesdays and Fridays.
Leaves Wilmington Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Steamer Cape Fear,
Capt. Irvin Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Leaves Wilmington Mondays and Thursdays.

☞ First Class Passenger and Freight accommodations on each of the three Steamers.

Through Bills of Lading to ALL Points.

Connects at Wilmington with the Clyde Steamship Company.

For Freight Rates and other information, apply to

W. S. COOK, Fayetteville, N. C.

T. D. LOVE, Wilmington, N. C.

Oct —1y

J. W. WELSH,
Carriage and Wagon Manufacturer,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Repairing in all Branches.

Good Substantial Work

GUARANTEED.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Nov. 12, 1891. tf

CHANCE FOR PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

Farming Land for Sale.

The domestic affairs of my family rendering obligatory our removal to Texas, I desire to sell the farm upon which I reside, located 12 miles above Fayetteville on the east side of Cape Fear River, running back to the near vicinity of the Wilson Short-Cut R. R., and distant about 3 miles from Wade Station. The property contains 256 acres, with about a four horse crop under cultivation. This is a convenient farm, in excellent condition, with good dwelling and out-buildings. For terms, &c., call on or address

NEILL McDOUGALD, Wade, Cumberland Co., N. C.

Jan'y 28, 1892—6mpd.

BONITZ HOTEL.

129 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.,

now being thoroughly renovated, is open for

THE -:- RECEPTION -:- OF -:- GUESTS

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY CO

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In effect March 29th, 1892.

NORTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No 2.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 4.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 16.
Leave Wilmington,	9:50 a m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	1:55 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	3:00 p m		
Leave Sanford,	4:25 p m		
Arrive Greensboro,	6:55 p m		
Leave Greensboro,	7:15 p m		
Leave Walnut Cove,	9:00 p m		
Arrive Mt. Airy,	11:15 p m		
Leave Bennettsville,		12:40 p m	
Leave Maxton,		1:27 p m	
Arrive Fayetteville,		2:57 p m	
Leave Ramseur,			7:25 a m
Arrive Greensboro,			10:05 a m
Leave Greensboro,			10:35 a m
Arrive Madison,			1:05 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 1.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 3.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 15.
Leave Mt. Airy,	6:00 a m		
Leave Walnut Cove,	8:11 a m		
Arrive Greensboro,	10:00 a m		
Leave Greensboro,	10:30 a m		
Leave Sanford,	12:45 p m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	2:06 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	3:04 p m		
Arrive Wilmington,	7:05 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,		2:11 p m	
Leave Maxton,		3:32 p m	
Arrive Bennettsville,		4:22 p m	
Leave Madison,			2:45 p m
Arrive Greensboro,			4:55 p m
Leave Greensboro			5:15 p m
Arrive Ramseur,			8:10 p m

NORTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 12.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 14.
Leave Greensboro,	10:10 a m	
Leave Walnut Cove,	1:55 p m	
Arrive Mt. Airy,	5:55 p m	
Leave Bennettsville,		1:00 a m
Leave Maxton,		4:25 a m
Arrive Fayetteville,		9:55 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 11.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 13.
Leave Mt. Airy,	2:10 p m	
Leave Walnut Cove,	6:15 p m	
Arrive Greensboro,	9:30 p m	
Leave Fayetteville,		10:15 a m
Leave Maxton,		4:30 p m
Arrive Bennettsville,		7:05 p m

W. E. KYLE, General Passenger Agent.

J. W FRY, General Manager.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED APRIL 24, 1892.	No. 23, Daily.	No. 27, Daily.
Leave Weldon	12 30 P. M.	5 43 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	1 40 "	6 36 P. M
Arrive Tarboro	*2 18 P. M	......
Leave Tarboro	12 58 P. M.	*5 00 P
Arrive Wilson	2 18 P. M.	-
Leave Wilson	*2 30 "	......
Arrive Selma	3 30 "	......
Arrive Fayetteville	5 30 "	......
Leave Goldsboro	3 [illegible] "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	4 [illegible] "	......
Leave Magnolia	[illegible] "	8 [illegible] P. M
Arrive Wilmington	6 00 "	[illegible] P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 1[illegible], Daily.	No. 78, Daily.
Leave Wilmington	[illegible] 35 A. M.	9 15 A. M
Leave Magnolia	1 54 A. M.	10 57 "
Leave Warsaw	......	11 11 "
Arrive Goldsboro	2 55 A. M	12 05 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville	......	*9 10 A. M.
Leave Selma	......	11 08 "
Arrive Wilson	......	12 10 P. M.
Leave Wilson	[illegible] 3 A. M.	12 58 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	4 03 A. M.	1 30 "
Arrive Tarboro	*6 30 A. M.	*2 18 "
Leave Tarboro	......	12 58 P. M.
Arrive Weldon	5 05 A. M	2 55 P. M.

*Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:00 P M, Halifax 4:22 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 5:15 P M. Greenville 6:52 P M., Kinston 8:00 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:10 A M, Greenville 8:25 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M. Weldon 11.25 A M, daily except Sunday.

Local freight train leaves Weldon Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10:15 A. M., arriving Scotland Neck 1:05 A M, Greenville 5:30 P M, Kinston 7:40 P M. Returning leaves Kinston Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:20 A M, Greenville 9:55 A M, Scotland Neck 2:20 P M, arrive Weldon 5:15 P M.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 4:40 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M, arrive Williamston N C, 7:18 P M 4:20 P M, Plymouth 8:30 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 6:0 A M, Sunday 9:00 A M, Williamston, N C, 7:30 A M 9.58 A M. Arrive Tarboro 10:40 A M, 11:20 A M

Trains on Southern Division, Wilson and Fayetteville Branch, leave Fayetteville 7:30 A. M., arrive Rowland 12:15 P. M. Returning leave Rowland 12:15 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 5:15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C, Daily except Sunday, 6:00 A M, arrive Smithfield, N C, 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield N C, 8:00 A M, arrive Goldsboro, N C, 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 5:15 P M, arrives Nashville 5:55 P M, Spring Hope 6:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:0 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 6:20 P M and 11:[illegible] A M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 8:20 A M and 3:[illegible] P M, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41, 40, [illegible] and 78.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No 51. Northbound is No 50. *Daily except Sunday.

Trains No 27 South, and 14 North, will stop only at Rocky Mount, Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line, also at Rocky Mount daily except Sunday, with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk and all points north via Norfolk.

J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

PRACTICAL HINTS TO BUILDERS | FREE.

100 pages, 40 illustrations, 20 short chapters on the kitchen, chimneys, cistern, foundation, brick-work, mortar, cellar, heating, ventilation, the roof and many items of interest to builders.

Over 100,000 copies of this little book have been sold for ten cents each.

We now propose to put it into the hands of those contemplating building, together with our lithograph, which, in colors, shows the various styles of our metal roofing and roofing sundries.

THE NATIONAL SHEET METAL ROOFING CO., 510 to 520 East 20th St., New York City.

Sept. 11, 1890. tf

"ALBEMARLE."

We are pleased to announce to our friends and the public generally that we are now able to supply a long-felt want. We can now sell you

AS GOOD FLOUR AS IS MADE

for much less money than you have been paying for the best quality of flour. Until now we have been paying too much for Patent flour in proportion to the price of Straight flour. Order a sample sack of ALBEMARLE FLOUR, and if it is not as good as any flour that you ever used, it will not cost you anything.

Remember the name, "ALBEMARLE." A cut of the mill and the name of the miller on each and every sack.

To merchants who will handle this flour in lots, we will give the "big end" of our profits to enable them to sell at same price that we do.

We have straight flour made at the same mill, branded "GOLDEN SHEAF," which gives great satisfaction to those who use this grade of flour.

We always have a good stock of these flours on hand, and the quality is always uniform.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.

Fayetteville, N. C., January 15, 1892.

'FIRMNESS, COURAGE AND HONESTY'

WERE PROMINENT TRAITS IN THE CHARACTER OF

General Jackson.

"STRENGTH, DURABILITY

—AND—

HONEST CONSTRUCTION"

ARE DISTINCTIVE FEATURES OF THE

OLD HICKORY WAGONS.

☞ ONE, TWO, THREE AND FOUR-HORSE WAGONS. ALSO TUBULAR AXLE WAGONS. THE BEST WAGONS ON WHEELS. WILL BE SOLD LOW.

A. E. RANKIN & Co.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

WANTED!

1,000 Cash Customers for Sash, Doors, Blinds, &c. for the year 1892.

SANFORD SASH and BLIND COMPANY,

SANFORD, N. C.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS AND OTHER BUILDING MATERIAL, DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF PINE LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS, PAINTS, &c.

We have just put in a New Engine and Boiler and an Improved Dry Kiln, and are prepared to fill orders on short notice. We are nearer the finest Pine Timber and Leading Lumber Manufacturers than any other firm of the kind in the State. We ship direct from our doors by the Seaboard Air Line and Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railways, our shops being near the crossing just between the two roads. We are well equipped with the latest improved machinery. We employ skilled labor and guarantee satisfaction. Correspondence solicited. All orders by mail secure prompt attention.

SANFORD SASH AND BLIND COMPANY, SANFORD, N. C.

J. W. SCOTT, SR., President. J. B. MAKEPEACE, Sec. and Treas.

January 21, 1892—1y

NEW HOTEL LAFAYETTE

Fayetteville, North Carolina.

T. A. BARKER, - MANAGER

The Manager of the Fashionable Campollo Island Hotels.

AN ANCIENT AND HISTORICAL SOUTHERN CITY.
IN THE PINEY-WOODS BELT OF CAROLINA.
ELEVATION 175 FEET ABOVE THE SEA LEVEL.
NOT TOO HOT, BUT ALWAYS MILD AND HEALTHFUL

An especially Delightful Climate During the Spring Months

With the Most Remarkable Health and Longevity Record of any Place in this Country

Business Established 1832.

A. A. McKETHAN'S SON,

SUCCESSOR TO A. A. McKETHAN & SONS, MANUFACTURER and DEALER IN

Carriages, Buggies and Harness.

Full and Complete Stock Always on Hand.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS DONE WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH

SEE MY STOCK AND GET PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

January 15, 1891—1y

PATAPSCO 196 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C. A. GAMBRILL MFG. CO. BALTIMORE.

—THE—

PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.

PATAPSCO FOURING MILLS.

ESTABLISHED - - - 1774

PERFECTION IN FLOUR.

OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS

ARE MANUFACTURED FROM THE CHOICEST WHEAT OBTAINABLE

INCLUDING THE HARD VARIETY OF MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA.

Patapsco Superlative Patent,

The Premier Flour of America,

Is Unsurpssed for Bread, Biscuit or Pastry.

The Superior Body and Rich Quality of the Bread will show its Economy to the Consumer.

☞ Ask your grocer for

PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT, ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT
MEDORA, HIGH GRADE WINTER PATENT,
PATAPSCO FAMILY PATENT, ORANGE GROVE EXTRA.
BALDWIN FAMILY, MAPLETON FAMILY.

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Represented by B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.

July 23, 1891. tf

[illegible] SERIES—VOL. [illegible]

THE OBSE[illegible]

THURSDAY, [illegible]

Leading Newspaper in t[illegible] ...sional and Seventh Judic[illegible]

NEWS AND COM[illegible]

HARRISON's anxiety over [illegible] assumed alarming prop[illegible] given out in Washin[illegible] holder from a cabinet [illegible] work day and night f[illegible] of "grand-pa's grand-[illegible] will be read to Mr. [illegible] Plumed Knight" will be g[illegible] to "shoot Luke or give[illegible] and will play "Annie [illegible]

GUITEAU's bewailing [illegible] condemned to death and [illegible] gallows, for the assassina[illegible] GARFIELD, many of our rea[illegible] familiar. The last [illegible] ...rated trial to die a [illegible] H. READE, Esq., at [illegible] a few days ago. [illegible] GUITEAU to have been ins[illegible] yet in the light of su[illegible] be conceded that most [illegible] predictions have been realized.

REV. T. W. S. PARKE[illegible] Garden circuit, has been [illegible] style of SAM JONES recent[illegible] one of his flock, a Mr. NEE[illegible] time." A few hot words e[illegible] closed in with each other [illegible] PARKER was pretty badly [illegible] trial held in Greensboro [illegible] words PARKER confessed [illegible] ...ly an "infernal scound[illegible] alleges provoked the first [illegible] fined $10, and PARKER rele[illegible] through "slightly disfigured[illegible]

"THE Martin County A[illegible] entitled to the thanks of the [illegible] the State. They show th[illegible] devotion to the State b[illegible] the Third party. Nor is [illegible] repudiate the folly of the [illegible] taking to run all the rail[illegible] try. We take off our hat [illegible] ty Alliance." In this [illegible] County Alliance has take[illegible] and set an example whic[illegible] County Alliances through[illegible] follow in due time. Mark[illegible]

DR. J. J. MOTT, the "Ir[illegible] dell, has virtually served [illegible] WHITE and ROLLINS, that [illegible] Secretary of the Treasury [illegible] against delegates to the N[illegible] holding commissions in t[illegible] scalps might be in dema[illegible] wise and mysterious rea[illegible] seem to be blowing in the [illegible] the Doctor to get the ear [illegible] tion; or, it may be that [illegible] tion's career is rather serio[illegible] horses in mid stream." [illegible] MOTT is apparently detern[illegible] ...erats shall not have a m[illegible] tion and recrimination in [illegible]

"HON. THOMAS JEFFE[illegible] Massachusetts, who has b[illegible] the President to be Envoy [illegible] Minister Plenipotentiary [illegible] ceed Minister WHITELAW [illegible] grandson of THOMAS J[illegible] COOLIDGE, his father, [illegible] DOLPH, the granddaught[illegible] FERSON." To the lineal [illegible] "father of the Constitu[illegible] source of humiliation to [illegible] wandering so far astray f[illegible] his forefather and keepin[illegible] inherently bad and corr[illegible] SON, WANNAMAKER, QU[illegible] Co. The *News and Obs[illegible]* Democrat until CLEVELA[illegible] form as the issue, when [illegible] his front.

THERE is something [illegible] and noble in the death o[illegible] who met his untimely en[illegible] to save the life of his w[illegible] Philadelphia fire last we[illegible] slight difficulty that LOR[illegible] from the theatre to the [illegible] fire broke out, supposing [illegible] him. But to his surpris[illegible] to find her, and returni[illegible] leading to the rear of t[illegible] smoke and fire, he rema[illegible] see if she is safe if it co[illegible] without heeding for a [illegible] strances of those standi[illegible] into the dark, smoke-fi[illegible] instant disappeared fro[illegible] true to his word about [illegible] when found his body la[illegible] gains, by her side.

HERETOFORE it has [illegible] Democrats to send del[illegible] convention to consult a[illegible] of the State, formulate [illegible] accordance therewith, a[illegible] men of experience, ab[illegible] herence to such a custo[illegible] cans from office in No[illegible] rated honest governme[illegible] the borders of the Stat[illegible] credit, confidence and [illegible] and personal friendship[illegible] cemented, and faith in [illegible] tegrity, the great bul[illegible] strengthened by the t[illegible] ence and mutual inter[illegible] rence to such a custom [illegible] ever remain a barrier [illegible] power, of the old, corru[illegible] lican party, with its lo[illegible] oppression of the peop[illegible]

HEAR Senator PALM[illegible] great and living princi[illegible] "I was opposed to the [illegible] lican party as to the [illegible] ment. I am a State's [illegible] a radical. I believe th[illegible] independent States, th[illegible] and that the war was [illegible] overthrow the Constitu[illegible] I felt that the war gav[illegible] government; on the [illegible] simply restored the C[illegible] the Union, and that [illegible] that was the Constitut[illegible] mained the Constitution[illegible] so far as it was amen[illegible] ions." Quite true; the[illegible] era to the Federal Go[illegible] publican party knows [illegible] sistent encroachments [illegible] dividual citizens.